We know that in all things

GOD WORKS for THE GOOD

of those who love him, who have been called according to his

PURPOSE

-ROMANS 8:28



Pepperdine University

Consolidated Financial Statements July 31, 2025 and 2024

Pepperdine University Index July 31, 2025 and 2024

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Regents of Pepperdine University

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Pepperdine University and its subsidiaries (the "University"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities and of cash flows for the years then ended, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Los Angeles, California November 18, 2025

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Pepperdine University Consolidated Statements of Financial Position July 31, 2025 and 2024

(in thousands)	 2025	 2024
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,083	\$ 91,797
Student receivables, less allowance for credit losses		
of \$2,471 and \$2,556, respectively	5,433	5,635
Other accounts receivable	7,073	8,643
Prepaid expenses, inventories, and other assets	12,800	9,905
Student loans, less allowance for credit losses		
of \$344 and \$360, respectively	11,722	11,873
Beneficial interests and contributions receivable, net	45,527	43,656
Investments	1,583,742	1,622,468
Assets held as trustee or agent	220,037	234,069
Property, facilities, and equipment, net	778,564	630,225
Right of use assets	 31,183	 38,973
Total assets	\$ 2,809,164	\$ 2,697,244
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 53,543	\$ 38,795
Accrued salaries and wages	8,501	8,015
Student deposits, advance payments, and deferred revenue	29,857	29,050
Asset retirement obligations	7,564	7,488
U.S. government-funded student loans	842	2,034
Trust and agency obligations	107,071	113,256
Other long-term obligations	2,663	5,616
Long-term bonds payable, net	587,651	593,964
Lease liabilities, net	38,392	 45,703
Total liabilities	 836,084	 843,921
Net assets		
Without donor restrictions	1,133,367	1,070,942
With donor restrictions	 839,713	 782,381
Total net assets	1,973,080	 1,853,323
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,809,164	\$ 2,697,244

Pepperdine University Consolidated Statement of Activities Year Ended July 31, 2025

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions		h Donor trictions	 Total
Revenues and other support				
Student tuition and fees, net of student				
aid of \$150,362	\$	347,996	\$ -	\$ 347,996
Room and board		50,092	-	50,092
Endowment support		56,591	-	56,591
Private gifts and grants, cash, and other financial assets		15,584	-	15,584
Private gifts and grants, nonfinancial assets		60	-	60
Government grants		5,153	-	5,153
Sales and services		8,093	-	8,093
Operating investment income		6,742	-	6,742
Other revenue		14,856	- (41.017)	14,856
Net assets released from restriction		14,843	 (14,843)	
Total revenues and other support		520,010	 (14,843)	 505,167
Expenses				
Personnel		260,304	-	260,304
Professional services		87,794	-	87,794
Operating expenses		73,480	-	73,480
Maintenance, equipment, repairs, and utilities		38,247	-	38,247
Depreciation		32,860	-	32,860
Interest		16,609	 	 16,609
Total expenses		509,294	 _	509,294
Change in net assets from operations				
before non-operating revenues and expenses		10,716	 (14,843)	 (4,127)
Non-operating revenues and expenses				
Return on investment, net		83,820	60,865	144,685
Allocation of endowment support to operations		(30,050)	(26,541)	(56,591)
Private gifts and grants, cash, and other financial assets		-	35,364	35,364
Private gifts and grants, nonfinancial assets		-	280	280
Actuarial adjustment of trust and agency obligations		-	1,775	1,775
Other		(2,061)	 432	 (1,629)
Total non-operating revenues and expenses		51,709	 72,175	 123,884
Change in net assets		62,425	57,332	119,757
Net assets at beginning of year		1,070,942	 782,381	 1,853,323
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,133,367	\$ 839,713	\$ 1,973,080

Pepperdine University Consolidated Statement of Activities Year Ended July 31, 2024

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions		trictions		Total
Revenues and other support					
Student tuition and fees, net of student					
aid of \$151,130	\$	356,656	\$ -	\$	356,656
Room and board		49,847	-		49,847
Endowment support		56,992	-		56,992
Private gifts and grants, cash, and other financial assets		13,040			13,040
Private gifts and grants, nonfinancial assets		90	-		90
Government grants		5,227	-		5,227
Sales and services		7,935	-		7,935
Operating investment income		7,604	-		7,604
Other revenue		8,784	-		8,784
Net assets released from restriction		10,837	 (10,837)		
Total revenues and other support		517,012	(10,837)		506,175
Expenses					
Personnel		249,660	-		249,660
Professional services		100,334	-		100,334
Operating expenses		72,226	-		72,226
Maintenance, equipment, repairs, and utilities		36,158	-		36,158
Depreciation		31,346	-		31,346
Interest		17,953	 -		17,953
Total expenses		507,677	 		507,677
Change in net assets from operations					
before non-operating revenues and expenses		9,335	 (10,837)		(1,502)
Non-operating revenues and expenses					
Return on investment, net		101,490	59,787		161,277
Allocation of endowment support to operations		(31,617)	(25,375)		(56,992)
Private gifts and grants, cash, and other financial assets		-	20,234		20,234
Private gifts and grants, nonfinancial assets		-	6,320		6,320
Actuarial adjustment of trust and agency obligations		-	9,741		9,741
Other		(15,886)	 18,368		2,482
Total non-operating revenues and expenses		53,987	 89,075		143,062
Change in net assets		63,322	78,238		141,560
Net assets at beginning of year		1,007,620	 704,143	_	1,711,763
Net assets at end of year	\$	1,070,942	\$ 782,381	\$	1,853,323

Pepperdine University Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended July 31, 2025 and 2024

(In thousands)	 2025		2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Change in net assets	\$ 119,757	\$	141,560
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net			
cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:	70.400		70 C45
Depreciation and amortization	32,198		30,615
Amortization of right of use assets Provision for credit losses	8,432 577		8,995 570
Non-cash gifts	(741)		(16,343)
Actuarial adjustment of trust and agency obligations	(1,775)		(9,741)
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	(12,556)		(8,986)
Income restricted for long-term investment	(212)		(161)
Gain on disposal of property, facilities, and equipment	(300)		-
Net realized and unrealized (gains) / losses on investments	(117,518)		(132,782)
Change in assets and liabilities:	(70.5)		(4.404)
Student receivables Other accounts receivable	(326) 1,570		(1,404)
Prepaid expenses, inventories, and other assets	(2,895)		(1,130) 1,529
Beneficial interests and contributions receivable, net	(3,969)		1,837
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,680		(4,827)
Accrued salaries and wages	486		1,140
Student deposits, advance payments, and deferred revenue	807		(481)
Asset retirement obligations	(13)		(121)
Other long-term obligations	(1,650)		(537)
Lease liabilities, net	(7,953)		(10,011)
Other	 (379)		6,252
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	 16,220	-	5,974
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sales of investments and assets held as trustee or agent	556,205		361,908
Purchases of investments and assets held as trustee or agent	(396,408)		(298,837)
Purchases of property, facilities, and equipment	(168,960)		(113,454)
Proceeds from sale of property, facilities, and equipment Student loans repaid	500 2,110		- 2,495
Student loans repaid Student loans issued	(2,007)		(1,831)
Net cash and cash equivalents used in investing activities	 (8,560)		(49,719)
Cash flows from financing activities	 		
Proceeds from contributions restricted for long-term investment	25,750		18,582
Income restricted for long-term investment	212		161
Principal payments and retirement of long-term obligations	(5,935)		(5,730)
Decrease in U.S. government-funded student loans	(1,192)		(1,404)
New trusts and restricted income on matured trusts	50		2,584
Payment of trust and agency obligations	 (8,075)		(7,386)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by financing activities	 10,810		6,807
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	18,470		(36,938)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 104,281	-	141,219
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 122,751	\$	104,281
Supplemental cash flow information			
Cash included in investments	\$ 1,236	\$	988
Cash included in assets held as trustee	8,432		11,496
Accrued amounts for capitalized asset additions	33,062		20,994
Cash paid for interest Contributed investments included in assets held as trustee	19,342 152		19,558 6,774
Contributed investments included in assets held as trustee	1,200		9,300
	.,200		3,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations

Pepperdine University (the "University") is an independent private Christian university committed to the highest standards of academic excellence and Christian values, where students are strengthened for lives of purpose, service, and leadership. The University enrolls approximately 9,000 students in its six colleges and schools. Seaver College, the University's undergraduate liberal arts college, the Caruso School of Law, and the School of Public Policy are headquartered on 830 acres in the Santa Monica Mountains overlooking the Pacific Ocean in Malibu, California. The Pepperdine College of Health Science is headquartered at the University's Calabasas, California campus. The Graduate School of Education and Psychology and the Pepperdine Graziadio Business School are headquartered at the University's West Los Angeles, California graduate campus.

Mr. George Pepperdine, the founder of Western Auto Supply Company, established George Pepperdine College in 1937. He envisioned a college with the highest academic standards guided by the spiritual and ethical ideals of Christian faith. University status was achieved in 1970 with the addition of the graduate and professional schools. Through the generosity of Mrs. Frank Roger Seaver, the University's Malibu campus of Seaver College opened in 1972. Since then, the Malibu campus expanded to include the School of Law in 1978 (named the Caruso School of Law in 2019), and the Drescher Graduate Campus in 2003.

The University operates several consolidated affiliated companies. Affiliated domestic companies that support Pepperdine University include Wave Services Inc., Wave Enterprises Inc., Wave Ventures, LLC, and Wave Justice, LLC. Affiliated international organizations that support Pepperdine University include: Pepperdine University (USA) in London, England; Pepperdine University, à Malibu, Succursale de Blonay – Saint Légier, in Blonay – Saint Légier, Switzerland; Cinderella Immobiliare S.R.L. in Florence, Italy; Fundación Pepperdine University Para América Latina in Buenos Aires, Argentina; Pepperdine University Rwanda CBC in Kigali, Rwanda; Pepperdine Ghana LBG in Accra, Ghana; and Pepperdine University Uganda Ltd. in Kampala, Uganda. All material transactions and balances between the University and its affiliates have been eliminated in consolidation.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of the University are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to not-for-profit organizations. In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses for the periods presented. Significant items that could be materially affected by such estimates include: allowances for credit losses, beneficial interests and contributions receivable, investments, assets held as trustee or agent, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and trust and agency obligations. The University's actual results could differ significantly from management's estimates. Management also utilizes certain estimates based on square footage to allocate depreciation, interest expense, and central operating expense to the functional expense categories.

Net Assets

Under generally accepted accounting principles applicable to not-for-profit organizations, net assets, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the University and changes therein have been classified and are reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions include those net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations; donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period as the contribution is received; and quasi-endowment net assets designated by the Board of Regents or management for specific purposes.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are those net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met either by actions of the University pursuant to those stipulations and/or by the passage of time. In addition, there are also net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that require the University maintain them in perpetuity. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the University to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in checking and savings accounts, money-market funds, cash held by external trustees, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Other cash equivalents held by external investment managers are classified as investments.

Student Receivables

Student receivables are carried at net realizable value, less an allowance for credit losses. Management uses available information to recognize expected losses over the life of the student receivables. In determining loss rates, management evaluates information related to its historical losses, adjusted for current economic conditions and reasonable and supportable economic forecasts. The amount of the allowance for credit losses is based on estimates and the University's actual losses may vary from management's estimates. Future additions to the allowance may be necessary based on changes in current and forecasted economic conditions and other factors.

Student Loans

Student loans are recorded at the contractual amounts owed by students adjusted for unamortized discounts, premiums, unearned income, undisbursed funds, deferred loan fees and the allowance for credit losses. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the terms of the receivables, except interest accruals that are discontinued when the payment of principal or interest is 90 or more days past due, or when repayment of principal and interest in full is doubtful. Payments received on delinquent loans are applied to the principal outstanding until the loan is restored to current status.

A student loan is impaired when it is probable that the University will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The measurement of the carrying value may be based on (i) the present value of the expected future cash flows of the impaired loan discounted at the loan's original effective interest rate or (ii) the observable market price of the impaired loan. If the recorded investment of the loan exceeds the carrying value, an allowance is recorded in the amount of the excess. The University's income recognition policies for impaired loans are consistent with those for delinquent loans. All loans designated as impaired are either placed on delinquent status or are designated as restructured. Payments received on impaired loans are applied to the principal outstanding until the loan is returned to current status.

On an ongoing basis, management monitors the student loan portfolio and evaluates the adequacy of the expected allowance for credit losses over the life of the loans. In determining the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses, management considers such factors as historical loss experience, known problem loans, assessment of current economic conditions, reasonable and supportable economic forecasts, and other appropriate data to identify the risks in the student loan portfolio. The amount of the allowance for credit losses is based on estimates, and the University's actual losses may vary from management's estimates. Loans deemed by management to be uncollectible are charged to the allowance for credit losses. Recoveries on loans previously charged off are credited to the allowance for credit losses. Provisions for credit losses are charged to expense and credited to the allowance for credit losses in amounts that are deemed appropriate by management based upon its evaluation of the known and inherent risks in the student loan portfolio. Future additions to the allowance may be necessary based on changes in current and forecasted economic conditions and other factors.

Beneficial Interests and Contributions Receivable

Beneficial interests and contributions receivable are recognized as revenue in the period received and are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. Beneficial interests and contributions receivable where donor restrictions are met in the same fiscal year as the beneficial interest and contribution is received are reported in net assets without donor restrictions. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Beneficial interests and contributions receivable are recorded at their estimated fair value and discounted for amounts to be received in future periods.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value and all related transactions are recorded on the trade date. The fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices from national security exchanges, except for alternative investments for which quoted market prices are not available. The fair value of certain alternative investments, which include limited partnerships in venture capital, real estate, and other private debt and equity funds, is typically Net Asset Value ("NAV") provided by the external investment managers or general partners, adjusted for receipts and disbursements of cash and distributions of securities if the date of valuation is prior to the University's fiscal year end. Such valuations generally reflect discounts for illiquidity and consider variables such as financial performance of investments, recent sales prices of investments, and other pertinent information. For those investments that are not traded on a ready market, the estimates of their fair value may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for those investments existed. The University also has directly held real estate investments, which are valued using third party appraisals. The appraisals are based on a number of different approaches, including the cost approach, income approach, and sales comparison approach.

Investment income, as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses, are accounted for within net assets without donor restrictions, or as changes in net assets with donor restrictions if so stipulated by the donor of such assets. Investment income includes rental income, interest income, royalties, dividend, and other investment income, and is reported net of investment management fees and net of direct internal investment fees.

Investment return up to the University's approved spending rate is presented as endowment support within operating revenue and other support. Endowment support is calculated based upon the Total Rate of Return methodology noted below in Pooled Assets. The difference between endowment support and the actual total return (which may be positive or negative) is presented in non-operating revenues and expenses.

Pooled Assets

The University manages two separate investment pools designated as Pool A and Pool D. Pooled investments and allocation of pooled investment income are accounted for using the unit market value method. The Total Rate of Return methodology is utilized for Pool A, which consists primarily of quasi and true-endowment funds. The annual total payout is calculated based on an approved spending rate that is applied to a five-year monthly average market value of Pool A funds. For fiscal years 2025 and 2024, the approved spending rate was 5.0%. Pool D is the charitable gift annuity reserve pool and is invested in accordance with California State Insurance Commission requirements. The state required reserve for the charitable gift annuity agreements was approximately \$9.7 million and \$10.0 million for fiscal years 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Endowment

The University's endowment consists of 673 individual donor-restricted endowment funds and 109 quasiendowment funds that are Board and University designated for a variety of purposes. The net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the University to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The University has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("UPMIFA") as allowing the University to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate as much of an endowment fund as the University determines is prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment funding is established, subject to the intent of the donor as expressed in the gift instrument. As a result of this interpretation, the University classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift. The remaining portion is classified as donor restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the University in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the University considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the University and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the University
- (7) The investment policies of the University

The University has adopted an endowment payout policy to preserve and enhance the purchasing power of the endowment and to provide a relatively stable and constant return sufficient to meet a portion of the spending needs of the University.

The endowment payout policy is based upon the average market value of the previous 60 months multiplied by a specified percentage. The payout percentage for the pooled endowment for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024 was 5.0%. Accumulated investment gains are used to fund the difference between payout and current earnings.

The endowment payout policy is intended to produce increasing yet smooth and predictable endowment distributions year over year. From time to time, the fair value of endowment funds may fall below the original gift amount. Deficiencies of this nature are referred to as underwater endowments. In the event that an endowment falls underwater, current management policy is to allow spending on the endowment.

Derivatives

From time to time, the University enters into derivative transactions either as part of its overall investment asset allocation or as a specific hedge or risk management tool. Derivatives used as part of the asset allocation strategy are recorded at fair value with realized and unrealized gains and losses reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. These derivatives are included in the investment portfolio categorized as "Other."

Derivatives used to economically hedge specific operations, such as foreign currency contracts, are discussed under the heading, "Foreign Currency Management."

Assets Held as Trustee or Agent and Trust and Agency Obligations

The University uses the actuarial method of recording charitable gift annuities and charitable remainder trusts. When a gift is received, the fair value of the gift received is recorded as an asset, the present value of the related amounts due is recorded as a liability based on the Individual Annuity Reserve 2012 tables, and the remainder is recorded as private gift and grant revenue in the appropriate net asset category on the Consolidated Statements of Activities. Investment income is credited, and annuity payments, direct costs of funds management, and investment losses are charged to the related liability. In situations where trust assets are not readily convertible to cash, annuitant payments have been made by the University. For life contingent gifts, the liability is adjusted annually based on the changes in the expected life, and is reflected as an actuarial adjustment of trust and agency obligations on the Consolidated Statements of Activities. At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the discount rate used to calculate future payments to be made by the University ranged from 0.4% per annum to 10.0% per annum.

Remainder interests in real estate are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of gift. Investment income and gains are credited and direct costs of asset management and investment losses are charged to the related net asset category.

The University and its consolidated subsidiaries have legal title, either in their name or as trustee, to the charitable gift annuities, charitable remainder trusts, and life estates subject to life interests of the beneficiaries. No significant financial benefit can be realized until the contractual obligations are released.

The University also administers assets and acts as an agent for outside organizations and student activity groups. These assets are included in assets held as trustee or agent with the corresponding liability recorded in trust and agency obligations on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Deferred Compensation Plans

Contributions to the University's deferred compensation plans under Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code are carried at fair value as a component of assets held as trustee or agent, with an equal and offsetting obligation to pay the employees as a component of trust and agency obligations on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Property, Facilities, and Equipment

Property, facilities, and equipment, including collections of works of art and literary works, are stated at cost or, if received by gift, at fair value at the date of the gift. Depreciation on buildings, improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as described in the table below:

Asset class	OSCIAI EIIC
Furniture and other equipment	10 - 15 years
Computer hardware and software	2 - 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Buildings	20 - 70 years
Land improvements	20 years

Useful Life

Amounts spent for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are sold or retired, the associated cost and accumulated depreciation are removed.

Leases

Asset Class

The University determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease, and classifies the lease as either operating or financing depending upon the terms and conditions of the contract. The University uses a risk-free rate for a period comparable to the lease term to determine the present value of lease payments when the implicit rate is not readily available.

Operating lease expense is recognized within the operating expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Activities on a straight-line basis over the lease term. On the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, right of use assets represent the University's right to use the underlying assets for the lease term and lease liabilities, net represents the University's obligation to make the lease payment arising from the leases. Financing lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Foreign Currency Management

The University uses derivative financial instruments to reduce its net exposure to currency fluctuations. As such, from time to time the University enters into forward contracts and purchases currency futures (principally the Euro, the British pound, and Swiss francs) to economically hedge forecasted cash flows denominated in foreign currencies. The purpose of the University's foreign currency hedging activities is to reduce the risk of eventual U.S. dollar net cash outflows resulting from costs outside the U.S. that will be adversely affected by changes in exchange rates.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The University recognizes liabilities for legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets when the timing and/or method of settlement of the obligation is conditional on a future event. The fair value of a liability for a conditional asset retirement obligation is recognized in the period in which it occurs if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made.

U.S. Government-Funded Student Loans

Funds provided by the U.S. government under the Federal Perkins Loan Program were loaned to qualified students. These funds are ultimately refundable to the U.S. government and as such are included as liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Concentrations of Financial Aid

A significant number of students attending the University receive financial assistance from U.S. government student financial aid programs. These programs require the University to comply with record keeping, eligibility, and other requirements. Failure to comply with such U.S. government requirements could result in the loss of U.S. government financial assistance to the University's students and adversely impact the operations of the University.

Debt Issuance Costs

Capitalized debt issue costs included in long-term obligations are amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest method.

Income Taxes

As a not-for-profit educational institution, the University is exempt from Federal and California income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (except for taxes on unrelated business income). Since the University's unrelated business income for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024 was immaterial, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Revenue Recognition

The University's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

Student Tuition and Fees (net of Scholarship) and Room and Board

The University's operating revenue is primarily derived from academic programs provided to students including undergraduate and graduate programs, and residential services. Tuition and fees and room and board revenues are recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration the University is entitled to in exchange for providing educational, housing, and dining services. The University's transaction price is determined based on the gross price, net of any scholarships and refunds.

Tuition and fees and room and board are recognized as revenue over time as the University satisfies its performance obligation to its students. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer. The University's performance obligations are to provide education to the student, and in certain instances, other items such as room and board.

Student tuition and fees received in advance of services to be rendered are recorded as deferred revenue. The University's payment terms generally require payment in advance of the academic term. Substantially all of the deferred revenue balance at the beginning of each year was recognized into revenue during the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024.

Endowment Support

Endowment support, limited to the payout calculated under the Total Rate of Return methodology, is comprised of ordinary income and accumulated gains on endowment and quasi-endowment assets.

Private Gifts and Grants

Private gifts, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received and are reported as increases in the appropriate category of net assets. Conditional or contingent grant awards and gifts are not recorded as revenue until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. The University has elected a policy to report contributions where the condition and restriction are met in the same reporting period within net assets without donor restrictions. The University receives various forms of contributed nonfinancial assets. Contributed nonfinancial assets are reported as revenue at their estimated fair market value on the date of receipt and either capitalized, or reported as an expense when utilized, depending on the nature of the contribution.

Government Grants

Government grants received from departments or agencies of the government are considered non-exchange transactions and are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions as the associated barriers are overcome, which generally is as allowable expenditures under such agreements are incurred. The University has elected a policy to report awards where the condition and restriction are met in the same reporting period within net assets without donor restrictions.

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University had grants or contracts for which it had not yet met all obligations to recognize revenue, or the right to recognize revenue is dependent on future events. These open commitments total \$4.0 million and \$4.9 million, respectively. It is expected the revenue related to these grants or contracts will be recognized as the University fulfills its obligations in future periods.

Sales and Services

Sales and services revenue, which includes income from supporting services such as conferences and events, dining facilities, and bookstores, is recorded at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised product or service. Amounts received in advance of delivery of products or services are recorded as deferred revenue.

Other Revenue

Other revenue includes income primarily generated from athletic activities, maturity of trusts, and other fees. Amounts received are recorded at the time of transaction. Amounts not received by year end but earned are accrued and are included in other accounts receivable.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* (Topic 326), which replaces the current GAAP incurred loss impairment methodology with one that reflects expected credit losses, and requires consideration of current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts to inform credit loss estimates. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022. The University adopted ASU 2016-13 for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2024 with no material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The One Big Beautiful Bill Act (H.R.1), was signed into law on July 4, 2025. H.R.1 contains amendments to Section 4968 of the Internal Revenue Code, specifically in relation to the excise tax on the net investment income of private colleges and universities, effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2025. While the University meets the definition of an "applicable educational institution" subject to the excise tax, its student adjusted endowment value for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2024 and July 31, 2025 are below the taxable threshold, and the University is not subject to the excise tax for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2024 and July 31, 2025. H.R.1 also contains several other tax related provisions, which include expanding the definition of a "covered employee" for purposes of the excise tax on excess compensation, effective for tax

years beginning after December 31, 2025; implementing a 1% floor on charitable contribution deductions, effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2025; and, curtailing certain clean energy credits and accelerating the phase out of others for assets acquired or placed in service after various dates, ranging from September 30, 2025 through December 31, 2027. The University has evaluated these tax provisions for the years ended July 31, 2024 and July 31, 2025 and determined there is no material impact to the Consolidated Financial Statements and will continue to evaluate the impact of H.R.1 in future years.

3. Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources

As of July 31, 2025 and 2024, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditures, such as operating expenses, scheduled principal payments on debt, and capital construction costs not financed with debt, were as follows:

(in thousands)	2025	2024
Financial assets available for current use:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,083	\$ 91,797
Student and other receivables, net	9,051	10,021
Short term investments	147,429	205,838
Board and University designated endowment funds	428,470	446,465
Reserve funds	14,789	13,902
Financial assets available at year end for current use	712,822	768,023
Liquidity resources		
Bank line of credit	10,000	10,000
Total financial assets and liquidity resources available for current use	\$ 722,822	\$ 778,023

As described in Note 2, the income from the University's endowment is subject to a spending rate of 5.0% for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024. The University's endowment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments and Board and University designated, quasi-endowments. Donor-restricted endowments are restricted for specific purposes and are therefore not available for general expenditure. For the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, \$428.5 million and \$446.5 million, respectively, represent amounts from quasi-endowments that are available within one year. Although the University does not intend to spend from its quasi-endowments, other than amounts appropriated based on the annual spending rate and subject to the annual budget approval and appropriation process, these amounts could be made available if necessary.

The University invests cash in short-term investments and money market funds. Additionally, the University has reserve funds of \$14.8 million and \$13.9 million at July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which represent amounts available within one year. These funds are to be drawn upon in the event of financial distress or an immediate liquidity need resulting from events outside of normal operations.

The University's cash flows have seasonal variations during the year attributable to tuition billing and a concentration of contributions received at calendar and fiscal year end. The University structures its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs and as detailed in Note 11, the University maintains a line of credit for general corporate purposes. No amounts were drawn as of July 31, 2025 and 2024.

4. Student Receivables

Student receivables consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025			2024		
Graduate School of Education and Psychology	\$	4,884	\$	4,551		
Pepperdine Graziadio Business School		842		1,102		
Seaver College		1,349		1,301		
Caruso School of Law		529		592		
Other		300		645		
Gross student receivables		7,904		8,191		
Allowance for credit losses		(2,471)		(2,556)		
	\$	5,433	\$	5,635		

5. Student Loans

Student loans consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025			2024		
Weingart Perkins Other	\$	9,061 2,074 931	\$	8,455 2,846 932		
Gross student loans		12,066	'	12,233		
Allowance for credit losses		(344)		(360)		
	\$	11,722	\$	11,873		

6. Beneficial Interests and Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give with payments due in future periods are reported as donor restricted beneficial interests and contributions receivable. Unconditional promises to give are recorded at their discounted present value. At July 31, 2025, the discount rate applied to beneficial interests and contributions receivable ranged from 3.9% per annum to 6.9% per annum and at July 31, 2024, it ranged from 3.9% per annum to 5.2% per annum.

The following table provides a summary of beneficial interests and contributions receivable by expected collection date at July 31, 2025:

(in thousands)	neficial terests	 tributions ceivable	Total
In one year or less	\$ 6	\$ 19,463	\$ 19,469
Between one and five years	527	11,477	12,004
More than five years	14,518	 1,700	 16,218
	15,051	32,640	47,691
Less: Discount	 (18)	 (2,146)	 (2,164)
	\$ 15,033	\$ 30,494	\$ 45,527

The following table provides a summary of beneficial interests and contributions receivable by expected collection date at July 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	neficial terests	 tributions ceivable	Total
In one year or less	\$ 6	\$ 14,074	\$ 14,080
Between one and five years	-	12,504	12,504
More than five years	 13,101	 6,245	 19,346
	13,107	32,823	45,930
Less: Discount	1,310	 (3,584)	 (2,274)
	\$ 14,417	\$ 29,239	\$ 43,656

In the event beneficial interests and contributions receivable are deemed uncollectable, they are charged to expense as a component of other non-operating revenues and expenses. \$63,000 and \$974,000 of beneficial interests and contributions receivable were written off during the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

As of the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, conditional promises to give in the net amounts of \$27.6 million and \$27.7 million, respectively, were received but not recognized for the promotion of academic excellence, academic programs, and research. The University's conditional pledge amounts by category as of July 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

(in thousands)	2025	2024		
Academic benchmarks Matching contributions	\$ 27,570	\$	27,570 141	
	\$ 27,570	\$	27,711	

7. Investments

The University's investments consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025			2024		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	162,454	\$	158,665		
Absolute return		280,615		224,739		
Assets held by trustee		179,258		171,521		
Mutual funds		71,658		77,617		
Fixed income		267,428		306,686		
Real estate		143,132		140,816		
Private equity		210,348		203,581		
Natural resources		92,446		109,537		
Public equity		165,233		212,609		
Other		11,170		16,697		
	\$	1,583,742	\$	1,622,468		

Assets held by trustee consists primarily of the balance of the Blanche E. Seaver Endowed Trust, of which the University is the sole irrevocable income and principal beneficiary. Assets in this trust are diversified to produce consistent and distributable investment income. Income received from this trust is recorded as a component of endowment support on the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

Investment return consists of the following for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025	2024		
Investment income	\$ 35,021	\$	35,697	
Realized gains / (losses)	83,438		57,430	
Unrealized gains / (losses)	34,080		75,352	
Management fees	(7,854)		(7,202)	
	\$ 144,685	\$	161,277	

8. Endowment Activities

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended July 31, 2025 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions		th Donor strictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	740,407	\$ 578,624	\$ 1,319,031
Investment return				
Investment income		12,671	16,491	29,162
Net realized and unrealized appreciation		63,435	47,171	110,606
Investment management fees		(4,637)	 (2,946)	 (7,583)
Total investment return		71,469	60,716	132,185
Endowment support		(30,050)	 (26,541)	 (56,591)
Investment return, net of payout		41,419	34,175	75,594
Other changes in endowment investments				
Private gifts and grants		-	8,298	8,298
Maturities, payments, and bequests		-	13,970	13,970
Reinvestments, transfers, and other		(81,712)	 (198)	 (81,910)
Total other changes in endowment investments		(81,712)	 22,070	 (59,642)
Total endowment net assets, end of year	\$	700,114	\$ 634,869	\$ 1,334,983

The total unspent appropriations of endowment consisted of \$20.0 million without donor restrictions and \$17.3 million with donor restrictions at July 31, 2025.

Designations of endowment funds for the year ended July 31, 2025 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions		 th Donor strictions	Total
Donor-restricted funds				
Original value	\$	-	\$ 465,619	\$ 465,619
Appreciation		-	169,250	169,250
Board and University designated funds		700,114	 _	 700,114
	\$	700,114	\$ 634,869	\$ 1,334,983

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended July 31, 2024 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions				Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	682,689	\$	536,182	\$ 1,218,871
Investment return					
Investment income		13,348		15,662	29,010
Net realized and unrealized appreciation		72,422		46,440	118,862
Investment management fees		(4,493)		(2,477)	 (6,970)
Total investment return		81,277		59,625	140,902
Endowment support		(31,617)		(25,375)	 (56,992)
Investment return, net of payout		49,660		34,250	83,910
Other changes in endowment investments					
Private gifts and grants		-		4,581	4,581
Maturities, payments, and bequests		-		2,240	2,240
Reinvestments, transfers, and other		8,058		1,371	 9,429
Total other changes in endowment investments		8,058		8,192	 16,250
Total endowment net assets, end of year	\$	740,407	\$	578,624	\$ 1,319,031

The total unspent appropriations of endowment consisted of \$20.8 million without donor restrictions and \$14.7 million with donor restrictions at July 31, 2024.

Designations of endowment funds for the year ended July 31, 2024 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Without Donor Restrictions				Total	
Donor-restricted funds						
Original value	\$	-	\$	435,536	\$	435,536
Appreciation		-		143,088		143,088
Board and University designated funds		740,407		-		740,407
	\$	740,407	\$	578,624	\$	1,319,031

At times the University has recorded deficiencies resulting from the decline in fair value of endowment funds to amounts below the original gift amount as a reduction of donor restricted net assets. Deficits of this nature, should they occur, result from unfavorable market fluctuations that occur shortly after the investment of newly established endowments, and authorized appropriation is deemed prudent. As of July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University did not have any deficits of this nature.

9. Assets Held as Trustee or Agent

The University's assets held as trustee or agent consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025			2024		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,842	\$	13,408		
Mutual funds		98,916		94,812		
Fixed income		270		9,107		
Real estate		108,288		113,234		
Equities		701		1,364		
Other		2,020		2,144		
	\$	220,037	\$	234,069		

10. Property, Facilities, and Equipment

Property, facilities, and equipment consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands)	2025			2024
Land Buildings and improvements	\$	24,720 808,986	\$	24,720 681,633
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Construction in progress		85,209 211,043		79,424 172,277
Total cost		1,129,958		958,054
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(351,394)		(327,829)
	\$	778,564	\$	630,225

During the year ended July 31, 2025, the University sold a portion of its property in Los Angeles, California for \$500,000. The property had a book value of \$186,000, resulting in a net gain of \$314,000. Concurrently, the University was relieved of an offsetting liability for remediation of \$1.3 million. As a result, the University realized a total net gain of \$1.6 million. Disposals of assets generated a loss of \$14,000 for the year ended July 31, 2025. The University had no sales of property, facilities, and equipment during the year ended July 31, 2024, and disposals of fully depreciated assets did not generate a gain or loss.

11. Line of Credit

During the years ended July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024, the University had a \$10.0 million committed line of credit available for general corporate purposes at the daily simple Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) plus 0.65% per annum. The line of credit matures on July 31, 2026, and no amount has been drawn on this line of credit.

12. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations consist of the following at July 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in thousands, except original issue amount)	2025	2024
CEFA Revenue Bonds (Pepperdine University) Series 2015, 2.00% - 5.00% due 2016 - 2045 (Original issue amount \$76,455,000)	\$ 3,655	\$ 5,350
CEFA Revenue Bonds (Pepperdine University) Series 2016, 3.00% - 5.00% due 2019 - 2049 (Original issue amount \$100,000,000)	4,275	5,570
Pepperdine University Taxable Bonds Series 2017A, 3.948% due 2050 - 2057 (Original issue amount \$125,000,000)	125,000	125,000
CEFA Refunding Revenue Bonds (Pepperdine University) Series 2017B, 3.00% - 5.00% due 2021 - 2033 (Original issue amount \$20,870,000)	15,750	17,120
Pepperdine University Taxable Bond, Series 2020A, 3.301% due 2059 (Original issue amount \$223,505,000)	223,505	223,505
Pepperdine University Taxable Bond, Series 2021A, 0.592% - 2.840%, due 2022-2051 (Original issue amount \$220,460,000)	215 765	217 7/10
due 2022-2031 (Original Issue amount \$220,400,000)	 215,765 587,950	217,340 593,885
Net premium on long-term obligations Bond issuance costs	1,418 (1,717)	 2,071 (1,992)
	\$ 587,651	\$ 593,964

The agreements contain covenants relating to the maintenance of University assets, insurance, and other general items. The University was in compliance with all covenants as of July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024.

At July 31, 2025, principal payments on the preceding obligations are due in the following fiscal years:

housand	

2026	\$ 6,175	5
2027		
	6,430	
2028	6,665	
2029	6,860)
2030	7,060)
Thereafter	554,760)
	\$ 587,950)

13. Leases

The University leases facilities and equipment for educational and research purposes under operating leases expiring through 2034. The facilities leases are primarily for use in its graduate educational programs, namely for the West Los Angeles, Calabasas, and Irvine campuses. These leases typically have an initial term of five to ten years, and may include one or more options to renew. Leases on facilities contain renewal options and rent escalation clauses based on the Consumer Price Index. The exercise of lease renewal options is at the University's sole discretion. When determining the lease term, the University includes options to extend or terminate the lease when the option to exercise is reasonably certain.

Future minimum lease payments expiring through fiscal 2034 under these non-cancelable operating leases at July 31, 2025 are as follows:

(in thousands)	
2026	\$ 9,534
2027	9,766
2028	9,920
2029	8,847
2030	2,246
Thereafter	 258
	40,571
Discount to present value	 (2,179)
	\$ 38,392

The operating lease costs for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024 were \$9.4 million and \$9.9 million, respectively. Cash payments recorded for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024 were \$9.0 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, and are reflected within cash flows from operating activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The weighted average remaining years on operating leases is 4.0 and 4.8 for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The weighted average discount rate of 2.5% and 2.4% for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, is based on a risk-free rate.

For the year ended July 31, 2025, the University recognized \$640,000 in right of use assets and lease liabilities, net related to the amendment of the lease for the Heidelberg program facility and a new equipment lease. For the year ended July 31, 2024, the University recognized \$7.1 million in right of use assets and lease liabilities, net related to the amendment of the lease for the Irvine campus and new equipment leases.

The University records short-term leases (those 12 months or less in duration) as operating expenditures in the period in which the lease obligations are incurred. The University recorded expenses of \$145,000 and \$30,000 related to short-term leases for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

14. Asset Retirement Obligations

The following table illustrates the change in conditional asset retirement obligations during the year ended July 31, 2025:

(in thousands)

Abatement Timeframe	Average Abatement Date	Balance at July 31, 2024		Accr	etion	osts urred	Balance at July 31, 2025		
10 - 30 years	2036	\$	5,693	\$	2	\$ (13)	\$	5,682	
31 - 40 years	2044		1,586		76	-		1,662	
41 - 50 years	2048		197		10	-		207	
51+ years	2061		12	-	1	 	-	13	
		\$	7,488	\$	89	\$ (13)	\$	7,564	

The following table illustrates the change in conditional asset retirement obligations during the year ended July 31, 2024:

(in thousands)

Abatement Timeframe	Average Abatement Date	Balance at July 31, 2023		retion	Costs curred	Balance at July 31, 2024		
10 - 30 years	2036	\$ 5,802	\$	12	\$ (121)	\$	5,693	
31 - 40 years	2044	1,513		7 3	-		1,586	
41 - 50 years	2048	188		9	-		197	
51+ years	2061	 12		1	 (1)		12	
		\$ 7,515	\$	95	\$ (122)	\$	7,488	

15. Net Assets

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, net assets without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions were available for the following purposes:

	2025										
(in thousands)		hout Donor strictions		th Donor strictions	N	Total et Assets					
Educational program support	\$	165,499	\$	425,836	\$	591,335					
Student scholarships and loans		178,969		248,175		427,144					
Facilities and debt service		378,346		23,774		402,120					
Public service		3,981		21,184		25,165					
Student services and athletics		4,473		16,071		20,544					
Annuities and remainder trusts		-		84,804		84,804					
University designated support and reserves		386,634		-		386,634					
Other		15,465		19,869		35,334					
	\$	1,133,367	\$	839,713	\$	1,973,080					

	2024											
(in thousands)		hout Donor estrictions		th Donor strictions	N	Total et Assets						
Educational program support	\$	173,721	\$	398,818	\$	572,539						
Student scholarships and loans		168,116		220,987		389,103						
Facilities and debt service		302,694		22,587		325,281						
Public service		4,661		12,390		17,051						
Student services and athletics		7,331		13,339		20,670						
Annuities and remainder trusts		-		95,631		95,631						
University designated support and reserves		401,269		-		401,269						
Other		13,150		18,629		31,779						
	\$	1,070,942	\$	782,381	\$	1,853,323						

16. Contributed Nonfinancial Assets

Contributed nonfinancial assets for the years ended July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024 recognized within the Consolidated Statements of Activities included the following:

(in thousands)	2	025	2024		Status	Valuation
Without Donor Restrictions: Other	\$ 60 \$		90	Utilized in management and general, program services, and fundraising	Fair value: retail price	
	\$	60	\$	90		
With Donor Restrictions: Real Estate	\$	280	\$	6,316	Monetized or included in assets held as trustee or agent	Fair value: third- party appraisal
Furniture and home décor				4	Monetized	Fair value: retail price
	\$	280	\$	6,320		1

For the year ended July 31, 2025, the contributed nonfinancial asset with donor restrictions is included in assets held as trustee or agent and is held to be monetized. Proceeds received from monetizing the asset are restricted for an endowed scholarship. For the year ended July 31, 2024, \$1.2 million of contributed nonfinancial assets with donor restrictions are included in assets held as trustee or agent and are held to be monetized. \$5.1 million of such assets were monetized during the year ended July 31, 2025. The proceeds received from monetizing the assets are restricted for endowed scholarships and funds.

17. Employee Retirement and Deferred Compensation Plans

The University participates in a defined contribution plan that provides retirement benefits for eligible employees. Benefits for the plan are funded by contributions from the University and its employees. University contributions are non-refundable and fully vested. There are no prior service costs. The University contributed \$13.6 million and \$13.3 million to this plan for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Additionally, the University participates in a Retiree Health Plan for eligible employees and contributed \$151,000 and \$96,000 to this plan for the year ended July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024, respectively.

In July 2002, the University established deferred compensation programs for senior administrators, tenured full professors, highly paid, and certain other employees under Sections 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the Section 457(b) plan, eligible employees may defer a limited amount of their compensation to future years. Although deferred by employees for tax purposes, amounts contributed to this plan by the University are treated as an expense in the year earned. The balance held by the University in the plan is recorded as a component of assets held as trustee or agent and trust and agency obligations. There were no University contributions to the deferred compensation plan for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024. At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the balance in this plan was \$16.9 million and \$15.7 million, respectively.

18. Faculty and Staff Housing

The University sells condominium units to certain faculty and staff. The sales terms include restrictions on the buyers' eligibility and include a resale price based on a defined index that is not controlled by the University. The University has a right of first refusal to purchase the units when offered for sale by the owner. The University has historically exercised this right and then subsequently sold the units within a short period of time. For the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University sold three and seven units with associated sales values of \$1.9 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Should all 121 of the units be available for purchase at July 31, 2025 and 2024, and the University elected to exercise its right of first refusal on all of the units, the total value associated with these transactions would be \$98.4 million and \$94.1 million, respectively.

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University held legal title to 18 and 15 units with a value of \$15.5 million and \$11.7 million, respectively.

The land associated with the condominium units has been leased to the homeowner's associations for 99 years from the date of completion of the construction. Monthly dues are paid to the homeowner's associations, which is managed by the University, for utilities, landscaping, roofing, and maintenance.

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University guaranteed the performance of \$20.1 million and \$19.1 million, respectively, in mortgage loans, obtained by its faculty and staff. These mortgage loans were issued by independent third-party lenders and all of the proceeds of these loans were used to facilitate the purchase of on-campus housing.

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, University-owned notes receivable from on-campus housing sales amounted to \$4.4 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. These amounts are included as a component of investments on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The notes bear interest at various rates ranging between 0.2% per annum and 3.2% per annum and are collateralized by deeds of trust. No allowance for credit losses has been recorded against these loans based on their collateralization and prior collection history. At July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024, there were no past due amounts related to these notes receivable.

19. Natural and Functional Expenses

Expenses are presented by functional classification in accordance with the overall service mission of the University. Each functional classification displays all expenses related to the underlying operations by natural classification. Management utilizes certain estimates based on square footage to allocate depreciation, interest expense, and central operating expense.

For the year ended July 31, 2025, natural and functional expenses consist of the following:

(in thousands)	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Year Ended July 31, 2025 Total
Personnel	\$ 183,647	\$ 70,686	\$ 5,971	\$ 260,304
Professional services	61,068	26,226	500	87,794
Operating expenses	60,591	12,014	875	73,480
Maintenance, equipment, repairs, and utilities	11,519	26,718	10	38,247
Depreciation	26,561	6,169	130	32,860
Interest	13,523	3,020	66	16,609
_	\$ 356,909	\$ 144,833	\$ 7,552	\$ 509,294

For the year ended July 31, 2024, natural and functional expenses consist of the following:

(in thousands)	rogram ervices	nagement I General	Fun	draising	 ar Ended y 31, 2024 Total
Personnel	\$ 179,314	\$ 64,342	\$	6,004	\$ 249,660
Professional services	78,181	21,847		306	100,334
Operating expenses	56,979	14,619		628	72,226
Maintenance, equipment, repairs, and utilities	8,684	27,456		18	36,158
Depreciation	25,406	5,816		124	31,346
Interest	14,622	 3,260		71	 17,953
	\$ 363,186	\$ 137,340	\$	7,151	\$ 507,677

Advertising and promotion costs are a component of operating expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Activities. For the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University had advertising and promotion costs of \$6.5 million and \$8.5 million, respectively, which were expensed as incurred.

20. Related Parties

The University receives contributions and promises to give from members of the Board of Regents, senior management, and their related entities. Additionally, members of the Board of Regents and senior management may, from time to time, be associated with companies doing business with the University. The University has a written conflict of interest policy that requires, among other things, that no member of the Board of Regents can participate in any decision in which he or she or an immediate family member has a material financial interest. Each Regent is required to certify compliance with the conflict of interest policy on an annual basis and indicate whether the University does business with an entity in which a Regent has a material financial interest. When such relationships exist, measures are taken to manage and mitigate any actual or perceived conflict, including requiring the recusal of the conflicted Regent, and that such transactions be conducted at arm's length based on terms that are reasonable to the University and are in accordance with the conflict of interest policy.

The University invests in several investment funds, including some in which it has significant influence over the operations. For the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University made capital contributions of \$414,000 and \$4.2 million, respectively, to such funds. Additionally, for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, the University received distributions of \$2.3 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, from such funds.

21. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the University is named as a defendant in lawsuits and is subject to periodic examinations by regulatory agencies. It is the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, that liabilities, if any, arising from such litigation and examinations would not have a material effect on the University's consolidated financial position or change in net assets.

The University receives and expends monies under U.S. government grant programs and is subject to audits by related U.S. governmental agencies. Management believes that any liabilities resulting from such audits will not have a material impact on the University.

At July 31, 2025, the University had open commitments to invest approximately \$147.4 million with investment managers and/or limited partnerships over approximately seven years.

At July 31, 2025, the University's maximum exposure under guarantees of Guaranteed Access To Education ("GATE") student loans totaled approximately \$220,000.

At July 31, 2025, the University had outstanding commitments for capital expenditures in connection with the various construction projects of approximately \$138.4 million. The University expects to fund these costs principally through net assets available without donor restrictions. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

As discussed in Note 18, the University guarantees the performance of certain mortgages for on-campus condominiums.

22. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, student receivables, other accounts receivable, student loans, beneficial interests and contributions receivable, investments, assets held as trustee or agent, U.S. government-funded student loans, and trust and agency obligations. The University uses the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value disclosures for its financial instruments:

Financial Assets

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, student receivables, other accounts receivable, student loans, beneficial interests and contributions receivable, investments, and assets held as trustee or agent are considered to approximate fair value. When possible, the fair value of investments and assets held as trustee or agent are determined by reference to quoted market prices. When quoted market prices are not available, fair value is estimated by reference to market values for similar securities or by discounting cash flows at an appropriate rate taking into consideration the varying degrees of risk specific to each financial asset. Determination of the fair value of student loans receivable, which are primarily federally sponsored student loans, could not be made without incurring excessive costs.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The fair value of interest rate caps, floors and swaps, forward treasury contracts and interest rate futures, to the extent used by the University, are based on quoted market prices. The fair values of foreign currency derivatives are based on pricing models using currency market rates. These amounts are reflected as a component of prepaid expenses, inventories, and other assets on the University's Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Fair Value

In accordance with ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price the University would receive to sell an asset or pay a liability in an orderly transaction between the market participants at the reporting date. ASC 820 also establishes a three-level hierarchy for presenting valuations, based on the transparency of inputs used to value investments and other relevant assets. A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Valuation inputs may be observable or unobservable, and refer to the assumptions that a market participant would consider significant to value an asset or liability. The determination of "observable" requires judgment by the University. In general, the University considers observable inputs to be data that are readily available, regularly updated, reliable, and verifiable. Unobservable inputs may be used when observable inputs are not readily available or current. In this situation, one or more valuation techniques may be used including the market approach (inputs based on recent market transactions or comparables) or the income approach (discounted cash flow).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices available in active markets for identical investments.
- Level 2 Quoted prices in active markets for similar investments; quoted prices for identical investments in markets that are inactive; and, prices based on observable inputs other than an unadjusted quoted price.
- Level 3 Prices based on significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value of certain alternative investments, which include limited partnerships in venture capital, real estate, and other private debt and equity funds, is based on valuations provided by the external investment managers or general partners, generally using NAV as a practical expedient, adjusted for receipts and disbursements of cash and distributions of securities if the date of valuation is prior to the University's fiscal year end. Such valuations generally reflect discounts for illiquidity and consider variables such as financial performance of investments, recent sales prices of investments, and other pertinent information. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates. In addition, the fair value estimates presented do not include the value of anticipated future operating activities and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments.

The following tables summarize the valuations of the University's investments and other relevant assets as of July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024, respectively, based on their placement within the fair-value hierarchy:

(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Year Ended July 31, 2025 Total	
Investments						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 162,454	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 162,454	
Absolute return	-	-	-	280,615	280,615	
Assets held by trustee*	138,911	-	-	40,347	179,258	
Mutual funds	71,658	-	-	-	71,658	
Fixed income	14,585	252,843	-	-	267,428	
Real estate	-	63,570	-	79,562	143,132	
Private equity	-	-	-	210,348	210,348	
Natural resources	-	-	-	92,446	92,446	
Public equity	952	-	-	164,281	165,233	
Other	(1,838)		13,008		11,170	
Total investments	386,722	316,413	13,008	867,599	1,583,742	
Assets held as trustee or agent						
Cash and cash equivalents	9,842	-	-	-	9,842	
Mutual funds	98,916	-	-	-	98,916	
Fixed income	-	270	-	-	270	
Real estate	-	108,142	-	146	108,288	
Equities	13	-	-	688	701	
Other	(2)		1,342	680	2,020	
Total assets held as trustee or agent	108,769	108,412	1,342	1,514	220,037	
Beneficial interests			15,033		15,033	
Total beneficial interests			15,033	15,033 -		
	\$ 495,491	\$ 424,825	\$ 29,383	\$ 869,113	\$ 1,818,812	

(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Year Ended July 31, 2024 Total
Investments					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 158,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,665
Absolute return	-	-	-	224,739	224,739
Assets held by trustee*	105,551	-	-	65,970	171,521
Mutual funds	77,617	-	-	-	77,617
Fixed income	13,884	292,802	-	-	306,686
Real estate	-	64,484	-	76,332	140,816
Private equity	-	-	-	203,581	203,581
Natural resources	-	-	-	109,537	109,537
Public equity	972	-	-	211,637	212,609
Other	5,518		11,179		16,697
Total investments	362,207	357,286	11,179	891,796	1,622,468
Assets held as trustee or agent					
Cash and cash equivalents	13,408	-	-	-	13,408
Mutual funds	94,812	-	-	-	94,812
Fixed income	136	8,971	-	-	9,107
Real estate	-	113,105	-	129	113,234
Equities	661	-	-	703	1,364
Other	9		1,567	568	2,144
Total assets held as trustee or agent	109,026	122,076	1,567	1,400	234,069
Beneficial interests			14,417		14,417
Total beneficial interests			14,417		14,417
	\$ 471,233	\$ 479,362	\$ 27,163	\$ 893,196	\$ 1,870,954

^{*} For the years ended July 31, 2025 and July 31, 2024, assets held by trustee consists primarily of the balance of the Blanche E. Seaver Endowed Trust, of which the University is the sole irrevocable income and principal beneficiary.

Level 1 Generally includes the University's investments in mutual funds and common stock that are regularly traded in active markets where quoted prices may be easily obtained.

Level 2 Generally includes the University's investments in debt securities and certain unlisted equity funds that offer a high degree of liquidity and transparency. Debt security prices are obtained from pricing services or from brokers. Real property is valued based on a number of different approaches, including third party appraisals, market comparisons, and discounted future rental revenues. Level 2 investments may also be priced using model-based valuation techniques where all assumptions are observable.

Level 3 Generally includes the University's notes receivable, private limited partnerships, interests in life insurance policies, other investments, and split interest agreements where the University is not the trustee but is named as the beneficiary. These investments do not typically transact on a regular basis, nor do they have readily determinable fair values. Notes receivable primarily consists of contingent interest loans with the University's key faculty and staff to help provide affordable loans for housing. The contingent interest loans' values incorporate the interest rates at the date of loan issuance and are due upon a triggering event. The primary unobservable input for these notes

receivable is the applicable yield rates, which range from 0.2% to 3.2% for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024. Interests in life insurance policies are recorded at cash surrender values. The beneficial interests are recorded at the present value of the expected proceeds upon maturity. The primary unobservable inputs for beneficial interests in split-interest agreements are the applicable discount rates and life expectancies. Applicable discounts rates were 6.9% for the year ended July 31, 2025 and ranged from 4.0% to 5.2% for the year ended July 31, 2024. Life expectancies ranged from less than one year to 16 years and less than one year to 17 years for the years ended July 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Significant increases or decreases in these inputs may result in a lower or higher fair value measurement.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future values. In addition, while the University believes that its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025 for financial instruments designated as Level 3:

(in thousands)	ginning alance	G	alized ains / osses)	G	realized ains / osses)	chases / ditions	ceeds / turities	 ansfers (Out)	Total
Investments									
Notes receivable	\$ 9,106	\$	(211)	\$	60	\$ 1,250	\$ (201)	\$ -	\$ 10,004
Partnerships	1,376		-		495	-	-	-	1,871
Other	697		430		6	-	-	-	1,133
Assets held as trustee or agent									
Notes receivable	500		-		-	-	-	-	500
Partnerships	918		-		(120)	-	-	-	798
Other	149		-		(100)	-	(5)	-	44
Beneficial Interests	 14,417		-		(18)	 634	 	 -	15,033
Ending balance	\$ 27,163	\$	219	\$	323	\$ 1,884	\$ (206)	\$ -	\$ 29,383

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2024 for financial instruments designated as Level 3:

(in thousands)	ginning alance	Ga	llized ins / sses)	G	realized ains / osses)		hases / litions	ceeds / turities	 ransfers (Out)	Т	otal
Investments											
Notes receivable	\$ 8,081	\$	-	\$	-	\$	655	\$ (176)	\$ 546	\$	9,106
Partnerships	1,374		-		2		-	-	-		1,376
Other	528		163		6		-	-	-		697
Assets held as trustee or agent											
Notes receivable	500		-		-		-	-	-		500
Partnerships	1,015		-		(97)		-	-	-		918
Other	899		-		(14)		5	(28)	(713)		149
Beneficial Interests	 13,694				1,310	-	_	 (587)	 -		14,417
Ending balance	\$ 26,091	\$	163	\$	1,207	\$	660	\$ (791)	\$ (167)	\$	27,163

All net realized and unrealized gains in the tables above are reflected in return on investment, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Activities.

The University uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment company or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists investments in other investment companies (in partnership format) by major category for the year ended July 31, 2025:

(in thousands, except # of funds	s)	NAV in	# of	Remaining	Amount of Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
Investment Category	Strategy	Funds	# 01 Funds	Life	Commitment	Terms	Restrictions
Absolute return	US and non-US investments in relative value, event driven, long/short, and directional strategies	\$ 281,137	28	Open ended	N/A	Ranges from daily with 3 days notice, monthly with 30 days notice, quarterly with 30, 45, 60, or 90 days notice, semi-annual with 90 days notice, annual with 45, 60, or 90 days notice, to every 36 months with 45 days notice	0.7% of NAV is locked up in side-pockets
Assets held by trustee	US and non-US investments in private equity, venture capital, relative value, event driven, long/short, and directional strategies	40,347	11	Approx 7 years to open ended	N/A	N/A	N/A
Private natural resources	US and non-US investments in upstream, midstream, and downstream natural resources	92,604	19	Approx 7 years	18,914	Redemptions are not permitted during the life of the fund	N/A
				Approx 7		Redemptions are not permitted during	
Private real estate	US and non-US real estate US and non-US equity	79,708	25	years	19,168	the life of the fund	N/A
Public equity	securities US and non-US equity	164,586	5	Open ended	N/A	Ranges from daily to monthly	N/A
Private equity	securities and venture capital	210,731	72	Approx 7 years	109,285	Redemptions are not permitted during the life of the fund	N/A
		\$ 869,113			\$ 147,367		

The University uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment company or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists investments in other investment companies (in partnership format) by major category for the year ended July 31, 2024:

(in thousands, except # of funds)		NAV in	# of	Remaining	Amount of Unfunded	Dadamatica	Dadamatian
Investment Category	Strategy	Funds	# 01 Funds	Life	Commitment	Redemption Terms	Redemption Restrictions
Absolute return	US and non-US investments in relative value, event driven, long/short, and directional strategies	\$ 225,120	23	Open ended	N/A	Ranges from quarterly with 30, 45, 60, or 90 days notice, semi-annual with 90 days notice, annual with 45, 60, or 90 days notice, to every 36 months with 45 days notice	1.2% of NAV is locked up in side-pockets
Assets held by trustee	US and non-US investments in private equity, venture capital, relative value, event driven, long/short, and directional strategies	65,970	9	Approx 7 years to open ended	N/A	N/A	N/A
Private natural resources	US and non-US investments in upstream, midstream, and downstream natural resources	109,722	20	Approx 7 years	31,380	Redemptions are not permitted during the life of the fund	N/A
				Approx 7		Redemptions are not permitted during	
Private real estate	US and non-US real estate	76,462	26	years	25,443	the life of the fund	N/A
Public equity	US and non-US equity securities	211,996	5	Open ended	N/A	Ranges from daily to monthly	N/A
Private equity	US and non-US equity securities			Approx 7		Redemptions are not permitted during	
	and venture capital	203,926	71	years	81,669	the life of the fund	N/A
		\$ 893,196			\$ 138,492		

23. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 18, 2025, the date the financial statements were issued. There are no events that require adjustment or additional disclosure in these financial statements.