Residents of California who purchase life and health insurance and annuities should know that the insurance companies licensed in this state to write these types of insurance are members of the California Life and Health Insurance Guarantee Association ("CLHIGA"). The purpose of this Association is to assure that policyholders will be protected, within limits, in the unlikely event that a member insurer becomes financially unable to meet its obligations. If this should happen, the Guarantee Association will assess its other member insurance companies for the money to pay the claims of the insured persons who live in this state and, in some cases, to keep coverage in force. The valuable extra protection provided by these insurers through the Guarantee Association is not unlimited, however, as noted below, and is not a substitute for consumers’ care in selecting insurers.

The California Life and Health Insurance Guarantee Association may not provide coverage for this policy. If coverage is provided, it may be subject to substantial limitations or exclusions, and require continued residency in California. You should not rely on coverage by the Association in selecting an insurance company or in selecting an insurance policy.

Coverage is NOT provided for your policy or any portion of it that is not guaranteed by the insurer or for which you have assumed the risk, such as a variable contract sold by prospectus.

Insurance companies or their agents are required by law to give or send you this notice. However, insurance companies and their agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the guarantee association to induce you to purchase any kind of insurance policy.

Policyholders with additional questions should first contact their insurer or agent or may then contact:

**The California Life and Health Insurance Guarantee Association**

PO Box 17319
Beverly Hills CA  90209-3319

OR

Consumer Services Division
California Department of Insurance
300 South Spring St, South Tower
Los Angeles CA  90013

The state law that provides for this safety-net coverage is called the California Life and Health Guarantee Association Act. Below is a brief summary of this law’s coverages, exclusions and limits. This summary does not cover all provisions of the law; nor does it in any way change anyone’s rights or obligations under the Act or the rights or obligations of the Association.

**COVERAGE**

Generally, individuals will be protected by the California Life and Health Insurance Guarantee Association if they live in this state and hold a life or health insurance contract, or an annuity, or if they are insured under a group insurance contract, issued by a member insurer. The beneficiaries, payees or assignees of insured persons are protected as well, even if they live in another state.
EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE

However, persons holding such policies are not protected by this Guarantee Association if:

- Their insurer was not authorized to do business in this state when it issued the policy or contract;
- Their policy was issued by a health care service plan (HMO, Blue Cross, Blue Shield), a charitable organization, a fraternal benefit society, a mandatory state pooling plan, a mutual assessment company, an insurance exchange, or a grants and annuities society;
- They are eligible for protection under the laws of another state. This may occur when the insolvent insurer was incorporated in another state whose guaranty association protects insureds who live outside that state.

The Guarantee Association also does not provide coverage for:

- Unallocated annuity contracts; that is, contracts which are not issued to and owned by an individual and which guarantee rights to group contract holders, not individuals;
- Employer or association plans, to the extent they are self-funded or uninsured;
- Any policy or portion of a policy which is not guaranteed by the insurer or for which the individual has assumed the risk, such as a variable contract sold by prospectus;
- Any policy of reinsurance unless an assumption certificate was issued;
- Interest rate yields that exceed an average rate;
- Any portion of a contract that provides dividends or experience rating credits.

LIMITS ON AMOUNT OF COVERAGE

The Act limits the Association to pay benefits as follows:

LIFE AND ANNUITY BENEFITS

- 80% of what the insurance company would owe under a policy or contract up to $100,000 in cash surrender values,
- $100,000 in present value of annuities, or
- $250,000 in life insurance death benefits.

A maximum of $250,000 for any one insured life no matter how many policies and contracts there were with the same company, even if the policies provided different types of coverages.

HEALTH BENEFITS

A maximum of $200,000 of the contractual obligations that the health insurance company would owe were it not insolvent. The maximum may increase or decrease annually based upon changes in the health care cost component of the consumer price index.

PREMIUM SURCHARGE

Member insurers are required to recoup assessments paid to the Association by way of a surcharge on premiums charged for health insurance policies to which the Act applies.
CALIFORNIA NOTICE OF COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

Should any dispute arise about your premium or about a claim that you have filed, write to the company that issued the group policy at:

Standard Insurance Company
PO Box 2177
Portland, OR 97208-2177
(888) 937-4783

If the problem is not resolved, you may also write to the State of California at:

Department of Insurance
Consumer Services Division
300 S. Spring Street, 11th FL
Los Angeles, CA 90013
1-800-927-HELP (4357)

This notice of complaint procedure is for information only and does not become a part or condition of this group policy/certificate.
CERTIFICATE AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

GROUP LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Policyholder: Pepperdine University
Policy Number: 145371-C
Effective Date: September 1, 2011

The Group Policy has been issued to the Policyholder. We certify that you will be insured as provided by the terms of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy. If the terms of this Certificate and Summary Plan Description differ from the terms of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy, the latter will govern. If your coverage is changed by an amendment to the Group Policy, we will provide the Employer with a revised Certificate and Summary Plan Description or other notice to be given to you.

Possession of this Certificate and Summary Plan Description does not necessarily mean you are insured. You are insured only if you meet the requirements set out in this Certificate and Summary Plan Description.

"You" and "your" mean the Member. "We", "us" and "our" mean Standard Insurance Company. Other defined terms appear with the initial letters capitalized. Section headings, and references to them, appear in boldface type.

[Signature]
President
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coverage Features</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Policy Information</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule of Insurance</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premium Contributions</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERISA Summary Plan Description Information</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insuring Clause</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When Your Insurance Becomes Effective</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active Work Provisions</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuity of Coverage</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When Your Insurance Ends</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continued Insurance During School Vacations</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiver of Premium</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinstatement of Insurance</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Definition of Disability</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to Work Provisions</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rehabilitation Plan Provision</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary Recovery</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When LTD Benefits End</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predisability Earnings</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deductible Income</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exceptions to Deductible Income</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rules for Deductible Income</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pension Contribution Benefit</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survivors Benefit</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversion of Insurance</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefits After Insurance Ends or Is Changed</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect of New Disability</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabilities Excluded from Coverage</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limitations</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claims</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time Limits on Legal Actions</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incontestability Provisions</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Error, Agency, and Misstatement</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Termination or Amendment of the Group Policy</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Definitions</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERISA Information and Notice of Rights</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Index of Defined Terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Page Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active Work, Actively At Work</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowable Periods</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Occupation Period</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit Waiting Period</td>
<td>2, 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class Definition</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributory</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPI-W</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deductible Income</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Partner</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligibility Waiting Period</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer(s)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evidence Of Insurability</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Policy</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Policy Effective Date</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Policy Number</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indexed Predisability Earnings</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injury</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L.L.C. Owner-Employee</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leave Of Absence</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leave Of Absence Periods</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTD Benefit</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Benefit Period</td>
<td>2, 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum LTD Benefit</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Member</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Disorder</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum LTD Benefit</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncontributory</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Own Occupation Period</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P.C. Partner</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Disease</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policyholder</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predisability Earnings</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preexisting Condition</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pregnancy</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Plan</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rehabilitation Plan</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spouse</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survivors Benefit</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary Recovery</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>War</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work Earnings</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COVERAGE FEATURES

This section contains many of the features of your long term disability (LTD) insurance. Other provisions, including exclusions, limitations, and Deductible Income, appear in other sections. Please refer to the text of each section for full details. The Table of Contents and the Index of Defined Terms help locate sections and definitions.

GENERAL POLICY INFORMATION

Group Policy Number: 145371-C
Policyholder: Pepperdine University
Employer(s): Pepperdine University
Group Policy Effective Date: September 1, 2011
Policy Issued in: California

Member means a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada and one of the following:

1. A regularly assigned, full-time staff employee of the Employer, who is Actively at Work at least 30 hours each week (except where applicable law requires a lesser number of hours);

2. A regularly assigned staff employee of the Employer approved for a 9 to 12 month position who is Actively At Work at least 30 hours each week; or

3. A regularly assigned full-time faculty member under a regular (non-adjunct) faculty contract, who is Actively At Work at least 15 hours each week, serving at least a half-time appointment (.5 FTE) per academic year.

For purposes of the Member definition, Actively At Work will include regularly scheduled days off, holidays, or vacation days, so long as the person is capable of Active Work on those days.

Member does not include a temporary or seasonal employee, a full-time member of the armed forces of any country, a leased employee, or an independent contractor.

Class Definition: None

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

Eligibility Waiting Period: You are eligible on one of the following dates, but not before the Group Policy Effective Date:

If you are a Member on the Group Policy Effective Date, you are eligible on the first day of the calendar month following the date you become a Member.

If you become a Member after the Group Policy Effective Date, you are eligible on the first day of the calendar month following the date you become a Member.

Eligibility Waiting Period means the period you must be a Member before you become eligible for insurance.

The maximum Leave Of Absence Periods are as follows:
1. If you are on a Leave Of Absence due to a sabbatical or other leave and receive at least one-quarter of the Predisability Earnings paid to you immediately before the start of such leave, your insurance may be continued to the end of 12 months, or, if earlier, the end of such leave.

2. If you are on any other Leave Of Absence, your insurance may be continued to the end of 30 days, or if earlier, the period approved by your Employer.

Leave Of Absence means a period when you are absent from Active Work during which your insurance under the Group Policy will continue and employment will be deemed to continue, solely for the purposes of determining when your insurance ends, provided the required premiums for you are remitted and such a leave of absence for you is approved by your Employer and set forth in a written document that is dated on or before the leave is to start and shows that you are scheduled to return to Active Work.

During a Leave Of Absence your Predisability Earnings and your Own Occupation will be based on what was in effect on your last day of Active Work immediately before the start of your Leave Of Absence.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Own Occupation Period:</th>
<th>The first 24 months for which LTD Benefits are paid.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any Occupation Period:</td>
<td>From the end of the Own Occupation Period to the end of the Maximum Benefit Period.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LTD Benefit: 66 2/3% of the first $15,000 of your Predisability Earnings, reduced by Deductible Income.

- Maximum: $10,000 before reduction by Deductible Income.
- Minimum: $100 or 10% of your LTD Benefit before reduction by Deductible Income, whichever is greater.

Benefit Waiting Period: 180 days.

Maximum Benefit Period: Determined by your age when Disability begins, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Maximum Benefit Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>61 or younger</td>
<td>To age 65, or to SSNRA, or 3 years 6 months, whichever is longest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>To SSNRA, or 3 years 6 months, whichever is longer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>To SSNRA, or 3 years, whichever is longer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>To SSNRA, or 2 years 6 months, whichever is longer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>1 year 9 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>1 year 6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>1 year 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69 or older</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) means your normal retirement age under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.

**PREMIUM CONTRIBUTIONS**

Insurance is: Noncontributory
**ERISA SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION INFORMATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Plan:</th>
<th>Long Term Disability Insurance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Name, Address of Plan Sponsor: | Pepperdine University  
24255 Pacific Coast Hwy  
Malibu CA 90263 |
| Plan Sponsor Tax ID Number: | 95-1644037 |
| Plan Number:        | 501 |
| Type of Plan:       | Group Insurance Plan |
| Type of Administration: | Contract Administration |
| Name, Address, Phone Number of Plan Administrator: | Plan Sponsor  
(310) 506-4194 |
| Name, Address of Registered Agent for Service of Legal Process: | Plan Administrator |
| If Legal Process Involves Claims For Benefits Under The Group Policy, Additional Notification of Legal Process Must Be Sent To: | Standard Insurance Company  
1100 SW 6th Ave  
Portland OR 97204-1093 |
| Sources of Contributions: | Employer |
| Funding Medium:     | Standard Insurance Company - Fully Insured |
| Plan Fiscal Year End: | August 31 |
INSURING CLAUSE

If you become Disabled while insured under the Group Policy, we will pay LTD Benefits according to the terms of the Group Policy after we receive Proof Of Loss.

WHEN YOUR INSURANCE BECOMES EFFECTIVE

A. When Insurance Becomes Effective

Subject to the **Active Work Provisions**, your insurance becomes effective as follows:

1. Insurance Subject To Evidence Of Insurability

   Insurance subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on the date we approve your Evidence Of Insurability.

2. Insurance Not Subject To Evidence of Insurability

   The **Coverage Features** states whether insurance is Contributory or Noncontributory.

   a. Noncontributory Insurance

      Noncontributory insurance not subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on the date you become eligible.

   b. Contributory Insurance

      You must apply in writing for Contributory insurance and agree to pay premiums. Contributory insurance not subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on:

      i. The date you become eligible if you apply on or before that date; or

      ii. The date you apply if you apply within 31 days after you become eligible.

      Late application: Evidence Of Insurability is required if you apply more than 31 days after you become eligible.

B. Takeover Provisions

1. If you were insured under the Prior Plan on the day before the effective date of your Employer’s coverage under the Group Policy, your Eligibility Waiting Period is waived on the effective date of your Employer’s coverage under the Group Policy.

2. You must submit satisfactory Evidence Of Insurability to become insured if you were eligible for insurance under the Prior Plan for more than 31 days but were not insured.

C. Evidence Of Insurability Requirement

You are required to provide Evidence Of Insurability:

   a. For late application for Contributory insurance.

   b. For Members eligible but not insured under the Prior Plan.

   c. For reinstatements if required.

Providing Evidence Of Insurability means you must:

1. Complete and sign our medical history statement;

2. Sign our form authorizing us to obtain information about your health;

3. Undergo a physical examination, if required by us, which may include blood testing; and
4. Provide any additional information about your insurability that we may reasonably require.

ACTIVE WORK PROVISIONS

A. Active Work Requirement
You must be capable of Active Work on the day before the scheduled effective date of your insurance or your insurance will not become effective as scheduled. If you are incapable of Active Work because of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder on the day before the scheduled effective date of your insurance, your insurance will not become effective until the day after you complete one full day of Active Work as an eligible Member.

Active Work and Actively At Work mean performing with reasonable continuity the Substantial And Material Acts of your Own Occupation at your Employer's usual place of business.

B. Changes In Insurance
This Active Work requirement also applies to any increase in your insurance.

CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE

If your Disability is subject to the Preexisting Condition Exclusion, LTD Benefits will be payable if:

1. You were insured under the Prior Plan on the day before the effective date of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy;

2. You became insured under the Group Policy when your insurance under the Prior Plan ceased;

3. You were continuously insured under the Group Policy from the effective date of your insurance under the Group Policy through the date you became Disabled from the Preexisting Condition; and

4. Benefits would have been payable under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force, taking into account the preexisting condition exclusion, if any, of the Prior Plan.

For such a Disability, the amount of your LTD Benefit will be the lesser of:

a. The monthly benefit that would have been payable under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force; or

b. The LTD Benefit payable under the terms of the Group Policy, but without application of the Preexisting Condition Exclusion.

Your LTD Benefits for such a Disability will end on the earlier of the following dates:

a. The date benefits would have ended under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force; or

b. The date LTD Benefits end under the terms of the Group Policy.
WHEN YOUR INSURANCE ENDS

Your insurance ends automatically on the earliest of:

1. The date the last period ends for which a premium contribution was made for your insurance.
2. The date the Group Policy terminates.
3. The date your employment terminates.
4. The date you cease to be a Member. However, your insurance will be continued during the following periods when you are absent from Active Work, unless it ends under any of the above.
   a. During the first 90 days of a temporary or indefinite administrative or involuntary leave of absence or sick leave, provided your Employer is paying you at least the same Predisability Earnings paid to you immediately before you ceased to be a Member. A period when you are absent from Active Work as part of a severance or other employment termination agreement is not a leave of absence, even if you are receiving the same Predisability Earnings.
   b. During a leave of absence if continuation of your insurance under the Group Policy is required by a state-mandated family or medical leave act or law.
   c. During any other temporary Leave Of Absence approved by your Employer in advance and in writing, but not to exceed the applicable Leave Of Absence Period shown in the Coverage Features. A period of Disability is not a leave of absence.
   d. During the Benefit Waiting Period.

CONTINUED INSURANCE DURING SCHOOL VACATIONS

If you cease to be a Member because of a school break or vacation, your insurance will be continued during that period.

WAIVER OF PREMIUM

We will waive payment of premium for your insurance while LTD Benefits are payable.

REINSTATEMENT OF INSURANCE

If your insurance ends, you may become insured again as a new Member. However, the following will apply:

1. If you cease to be a Member because of a covered Disability following the Benefit Waiting Period, your insurance will end; however, if you become a Member again immediately after LTD Benefits end, the Eligibility Waiting Period will be waived and, with respect to the condition(s) for which LTD Benefits were payable, the Preexisting Condition Exclusion will be applied as if your insurance had remained in effect during that period of Disability.
2. If your insurance ends because you cease to be a Member for any reason other than a covered Disability, and if you become a Member again within 90 days, the Eligibility Waiting Period will be waived.
3. If your insurance ends because you fail to make a required premium contribution, you must provide Evidence Of Insurability to become insured again.
4. If your insurance ends because you are on a federal or state-mandated family or medical leave of absence, and you become a Member again immediately following the period allowed, your insurance will be reinstated pursuant to the federal or state-mandated family or medical leave act or law.

5. The Preexisting Conditions Exclusion will be applied as if insurance had remained in effect in the following instances:
   a. If you become insured again within 90 days.
   b. If required by federal or state-mandated family or medical leave act or law and you become insured again immediately following the period allowed under the family or medical leave act or law.

6. In no event will insurance be retroactive.

**DEFINITION OF DISABILITY**

You are Disabled if you meet the following definitions during the periods they apply:

A. Own Occupation Definition Of Disability.
B. Any Occupation Definition Of Disability.

A. Own Occupation Definition Of Disability

During the Benefit Waiting Period and the Own Occupation Period you are required to be Totally Disabled from your Own Occupation or Partially Disabled from your Own Occupation.

1. Total Disability Definition: You are Totally Disabled from your Own Occupation if, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the Substantial And Material Acts necessary to pursue your Own Occupation and you are not working in your Own Occupation.

2. Partial Disability Definition: You are Partially Disabled from your Own Occupation if you are not Totally Disabled and you are actually working in your Own Occupation but, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to earn 80% or more of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

Note: You are not Disabled from your Own Occupation merely because your right to perform your Own Occupation is restricted, including a restriction or loss of license. The loss of a professional license, occupational license, or certification does not, in itself, constitute Disability.

During the Own Occupation Period you may work in another occupation while you meet the Own Occupation definition of Disability. However, your Work Earnings may be Deductible Income and LTD Benefits will end when your Work Earnings meet or exceed 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings. See Return To Work Provisions, Deductible Income, and When LTD Benefits End.

Own Occupation may be interpreted to mean the employment, business, trade or profession that involves the Substantial And Material Acts of the occupation you are regularly performing for your Employer when Disability begins. Own Occupation is not necessarily limited to the specific job you perform for your Employer.

Substantial And Material Acts means the important tasks, functions and operations generally required by employers from those engaged in your Own Occupation that cannot be reasonably omitted or modified. In determining what Substantial And Material Acts are necessary to pursue your Own Occupation, we will first look at the specific duties required by your job. If you are unable to perform one or more of these duties with reasonable continuity, we will then determine whether those duties are customarily required of other individuals engaged in your Own Occupation. If any specific, material duties required of you by your job differ from the material
duties customarily required of other individuals engaged in your Own Occupation, then we will not consider those duties in determining what Substantial And Material Acts are necessary to pursue your Own Occupation.

Your Own Occupation Period is shown in the **Coverage Features**.

**B. Any Occupation Definition Of Disability**

During the Any Occupation Period you are required to be Totally Disabled from all occupations or Partially Disabled.

1. Total Disability Definition: You are Totally Disabled from all occupations if, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in Any Occupation.

2. Partial Disability Definition: You are Partially Disabled if you are not Totally Disabled and you are actually working in an occupation but, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to engage with reasonable continuity in that occupation or Any Occupation.

Any Occupation means all occupations or employment which you could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of your age, education, training, experience, station in life, and physical and mental capacity that exists within any of the following locations: (i) a reasonable distance or travel time from your residence in light of the commuting practices of your community; or (ii) a distance or travel time equivalent to the distance or travel time you traveled to work before becoming Disabled; or (iii) the regional labor market, if you reside or resided prior to becoming Disabled in a metropolitan area.

Your Any Occupation Period is shown in the **Coverage Features**.

**RETURN TO WORK PROVISIONS**

**A. Return To Work Incentive**

You may serve your Benefit Waiting Period while working if you meet the Own Occupation Definition Of Disability.

You are eligible for the Return To Work Incentive on the first day you work after the Benefit Waiting Period if LTD Benefits are payable on that date. The Return To Work Incentive changes 12 months after that date, as follows:

1. During the first 12 months, your Work Earnings will be Deductible Income as determined in a., b. and c:
   a. Determine the amount of your LTD Benefit as if there were no Deductible Income, and add your Work Earnings to that amount.
   b. Determine 100% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.
   c. If a. is greater than b., the difference will be Deductible Income.

2. After those first 12 months, 50% of your Work Earnings will be Deductible Income.

**B. Work Earnings Definition**

Work Earnings means your gross monthly earnings from work you perform while Disabled. Work Earnings includes:

1. Earnings from your Employer.

2. Earnings from any other employer or self employment for which you become employed after the date of your Disability.
3. Any increases, except regularly scheduled increases, in earnings from employment from any other employer or self employment in which you were engaged prior to the date of your Disability.

4. Any sick pay, vacation pay, annual or personal leave pay, severance pay, or other salary continuation earned or accrued while working.

Earnings from work you perform will be included in Work Earnings when you have the right to receive them. If you are paid in a lump sum or on a basis other than monthly, we will prorate your Work Earnings over the period of time to which they apply. If no period of time is stated, we will use a reasonable one.

In determining your Work Earnings we:

1. Will use the financial accounting method you use for income tax purposes, if you use that method on a consistent basis.

2. Will not be limited to the taxable income you report to the Internal Revenue Service.

3. May ignore expenses under section 179 of the IRC as a deduction from your gross earnings.

4. May ignore depreciation as a deduction from your gross earnings.

5. May adjust the financial information you give us in order to clearly reflect your Work Earnings.

If we determine that your earnings vary substantially from month to month, we may determine your Work Earnings by averaging your earnings over the most recent three-month period. LTD Benefits will end on the date your average Work Earnings over the last three months equal or exceed 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

**(NO RESP) LT.RW.CA.1**

**REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION EXPENSE BENEFIT**

If you return to work in any occupation for any employer, not including self-employment, as a result of a reasonable accommodation made by such employer, we will pay that employer a Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit of up to $25,000, but not to exceed the expenses incurred.

The Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit is payable only if the reasonable accommodation is approved by us in writing prior to its implementation.

**(NO RESP) LT.RA.OT.1**

**REHABILITATION PLAN PROVISION**

While you are Disabled you may qualify to participate in a Rehabilitation Plan. Rehabilitation Plan means a written plan, program or course of vocational training or education that is intended to prepare you to return to work.

To participate in a Rehabilitation Plan you must apply on our forms or in a letter to us. The terms, conditions and objectives of the plan must be accepted by you and approved by us in advance. We have the sole discretion to approve your Rehabilitation Plan.
An approved Rehabilitation Plan may include our payment of some or all of the expenses you incur in connection with the plan, including:

a. Training and education expenses.
b. Family care expenses.
c. Job-related expenses.
d. Job search expenses.

**TEMPORARY RECOVERY**

You may temporarily recover from your Disability and then become Disabled again from the same cause or causes without having to serve a new Benefit Waiting Period. Temporary Recovery means you cease to be Disabled for no longer than the applicable Allowable Period. See **Definition Of Disability**.

A. Allowable Periods

1. During the Benefit Waiting Period: a total of 30 days of recovery.
2. During the Maximum Benefit Period: 180 days for each period of recovery.

B. Effect Of Temporary Recovery

If your Temporary Recovery does not exceed the Allowable Periods, the following will apply.

1. The Predisability Earnings used to determine your LTD Benefit will not change.
2. The period of Temporary Recovery will not count toward your Benefit Waiting Period, your Maximum Benefit Period or your Own Occupation Period.
3. No LTD Benefits will be payable for the period of Temporary Recovery.
4. No LTD Benefits will be payable after benefits become payable to you under any other disability insurance plan under which you become insured during your period of Temporary Recovery.
5. Except as stated above, the provisions of the Group Policy will be applied as if there had been no interruption of your Disability.

**WHEN LTD BENEFITS END**

Your LTD Benefits end automatically on the earliest of:

1. The date you are no longer Disabled.
2. The date your Maximum Benefit Period ends.
3. The date you die.
4. The date benefits become payable under any other LTD plan under which you become insured through employment during a period of Temporary Recovery.
5. The date you fail to provide proof of continued Disability and entitlement to LTD Benefits.
6. The date your Work Earnings equal or exceed 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.
PREDISABILITY EARNINGS

Your Predisability Earnings will be based on your earnings in effect on your last full day of Active Work. However, if you are a Partner, L.L.C. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder, your Predisability Earnings will be based on your Employer's prior tax year or the Policyholder's prior tax year if you are a P.C. Partner. Any subsequent change in your earnings after that last day of Active Work will not affect your Predisability Earnings.

A. Partners, P.C. Partners, L.L.C. Owner-Employees, Sole Proprietors and S-Corporation Shareholders

If you are a Partner, L.L.C. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder, Predisability Earnings means your average monthly compensation from your Employer during the Employer’s prior tax year. If you are a P.C. Partner, Predisability Earnings means the average monthly compensation received by your professional corporation from the Policyholder during the Policyholder’s prior tax year. Your average monthly compensation is determined by adding the following amounts as reported on the applicable Schedule K-1, Schedule C, Form W-2 or S-Corporation federal income tax return, and dividing by 12 (or by the number of months you were a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.C. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder if less than 12):

1. Your ordinary income (loss) from trade or business activity(ies).
2. Your guaranteed payments, if you are a Partner.
3. Your net profit (loss) from business.
4. Your compensation (as an officer), salary, or wages, if you are an S-Corporation Shareholder.

If you were not a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.C. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder during the entire prior tax year, your Predisability Earnings will be your average monthly compensation for your period as a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.C. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder.

B. All Other Members

Predisability Earnings means your monthly rate of earnings from your Employer, including:

1. Commissions averaged over the preceding 12 months or over the period of your employment if less than 12 months.
2. Shift differential pay.

Predisability Earnings does not include:

1. Bonuses.
2. Overtime pay.
3. Any other extra compensation.

If you are paid on an annual contract basis, your monthly rate of earnings is one-twelfth (1/12th) of your annual contract salary.

If you are paid hourly, your monthly rate of earnings is based on your hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of hours you are regularly scheduled to work per month, but not more than 173 hours. If you do not have regular work hours, your monthly rate of earnings is based on the average number of hours you worked per month during the preceding 12 calendar months (or during your period of employment if less than 12 months), but not more than 173 hours.

C. All Members

Predisability Earnings includes:

1. Contributions you make through a salary reduction agreement with your Employer to:
a. An Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(k), 403(b), 408(k), 408(p), or 457 deferred compensation arrangement; or

b. An executive nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement.

2. Amounts contributed to your fringe benefits according to a salary reduction agreement under an IRC Section 125 plan.

Predisability Earnings does not include:

1. Your Employer's contributions on your behalf to any deferred compensation arrangement or pension plan; or

2. Stock options or stock bonuses.

DEDUCTIBLE INCOME

Subject to Exceptions To Deductible Income, Deductible Income means:

1. Sick pay, annual or personal leave pay, severance pay, or other salary continuation, including donated amounts, (but not vacation pay) paid to you by your Employer, as determined below:

   a. Determine the amount of your LTD Benefit as if there were no Deductible Income, and add your sick pay or other salary continuation to that amount.

   b. Determine 100% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

   c. If a. is greater than b., the difference will be Deductible Income.

2. Your Work Earnings, as described in the Return To Work Provisions.

3. Any amount you receive or are entitled to receive because of your disability, including amounts for partial or total disability, whether permanent, temporary, or vocational, under any of the following:

   a. A workers' compensation law;

   b. The Jones Act;

   c. Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure;

   d. Longshoremen's and Harbor Worker's Act; or

   e. Any similar act or law.

4. Any amount you, your Spouse, or your child under age 18 receive or are entitled to receive because of your Disability or you receive because of your retirement under:

   a. The Federal Social Security Act;

   b. The Canada Pension Plan;

   c. The Quebec Pension Plan;

   d. The Railroad Retirement Act; or

   e. Any similar plan or act.

Amounts that are entitled to be received will be deducted in accordance with the Estimating and Deducting section of Rules For Deductible Income.

Full offset: Both the primary benefit (the benefit awarded to you) and dependents benefit are Deductible Income.
Benefits your Spouse or a child receives or are entitled to receive because of your Disability are Deductible Income regardless of marital status, custody, or place of residence. The term "child" has the meaning given in the applicable plan or act.

5. Any amount you receive or are entitled to receive because of your disability under any state disability income benefit law or similar law.

6. Any amount you receive because of your disability under any other group insurance coverage, as determined below:
   a. Determine the amount of your LTD Benefit as if there were no Deductible Income, add the amount you receive from any other insurance coverage because of your Disability.
   b. Determine 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.
   c. If a. is greater than b., the difference will be Deductible Income.

7. Any disability or retirement benefits you receive under your Employer's retirement plan.
   Your and your Employer's contributions will be considered as distributed simultaneously throughout your lifetime, regardless of how funds are distributed from the retirement plan.

8. Any earnings or compensation included in Predisability Earnings which you receive or have a right to receive while LTD Benefits are payable.

9. Any amount you receive under any unemployment compensation law or similar act or law.

10. Any amount of third party liability payments you receive by judgment, settlement or otherwise (less attorneys' fees).

11. Any amount you receive by compromise, settlement, or other method as a result of a claim for any of the above, whether disputed or undisputed.

   EXCEPTIONS TO DEDUCTIBLE INCOME

Deductible Income does not include:

1. Any cost of living increase in any Deductible Income other than Work Earnings, if the increase becomes effective while you are Disabled and while you are eligible for the Deductible Income.

2. Reimbursement for hospital, medical, or surgical expense.

3. Reasonable attorneys fees incurred in connection with a claim for Deductible Income.

4. Benefits from any individual disability insurance policy.

5. Early retirement benefits under the Federal Social Security Act which are not actually received.

6. Group credit or mortgage disability insurance benefits.

7. Accelerated death benefits paid under a life insurance policy.

8. Benefits from the following:
   a. Profit sharing plan.
   b. Thrift or savings plan.
   c. Deferred compensation plan.
   d. Plan under IRC Section 401(k), 408(k), 408(p), or 457.
   e. Individual Retirement Account (IRA).
   f. Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA) under IRC Section 403(b).
g. Stock ownership plan.

h. Keogh (HR-10) plan.

9. The following amounts under your Employer’s retirement plan:
   a. A lump sum distribution of your entire interest in the plan.
   b. Any amount which is attributable to your contributions to the plan.
   c. Any amount you could have received upon termination of employment without being disabled or retired.

10. California Workers’ Compensation benefits for permanent total or permanent partial disability.

RULES FOR DEDUCTIBLE INCOME

A. Monthly Equivalents

Each month we will determine your LTD Benefit using the Deductible Income for the same monthly period, even if you actually receive the Deductible Income in another month.

If you are paid Deductible Income in a lump sum or by a method other than monthly, we will determine your LTD Benefit using a prorated amount. Except as provided below, we will use the period of time to which the Deductible Income applies. If no period of time is stated, we will use a reasonable one.

If you receive a lump sum refund, withdrawal or distribution of contributions and earnings from your Employer’s retirement plan, we will determine your LTD Benefit using a lifetime monthly annuity amount, with no survivor income. The annuity will be based on the amount you receive, and on the life expectancy of a person your age on the later of:

   a. The date the lump sum is paid; and
   b. The date LTD Benefits become payable.

For amounts under a workers’ compensation law, the Jones Act, the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure, the Longshoremen’s and Harbor Worker’s Act, or any similar act or law, the period of time used to prorate the amount cannot exceed the first to occur of the following:

   a. The date you reach age 65, or the end of the Maximum Benefit Period, if later; and
   b. The end of the stated period.

B. Your Duty To Pursue Deductible Income

You must pursue Deductible Income for which you may be entitled. We may ask for written documentation of your pursuit of Deductible Income. You must provide it within 60 days after we mail you our request.

C. Estimating And Deducting

For any item of Deductible Income that includes amounts you, your Spouse, or your child are entitled to receive, we may reduce your LTD Benefit by the amount we estimate you would be entitled to receive if:

   1. You have failed to pursue the Deductible Income with reasonable diligence;
   2. We have a reasonable, good faith belief that you are entitled to the Deductible Income; and
   3. We are able to reasonably estimate the amount that would be payable.

We will not estimate and deduct amounts with respect to a claim for Deductible Income that is
pending, so long as you continue to pursue the claim with reasonable diligence.

D. Retirement Benefits

1. Early retirement benefits will be Deductible Income only if you elect early retirement, or if early retirement would not reduce your accrued annuity or pension benefits.

2. Retirement benefits received will not include amounts rolled over or transferred to any eligible retirement plan as defined in the Internal Revenue Code.

E. Pending Deductible Income

We will not deduct pending Deductible Income until it becomes payable. You must notify us of the amount of the Deductible Income when it is approved. You must repay us for the resulting overpayment of your claim.

F. Overpayment Of Claim

We will notify you of the amount of any overpayment of your claim under any group disability insurance policy issued by us. You must immediately repay us. You will not receive any LTD Benefits until we have been repaid in full. In the meantime, any LTD Benefits paid, including the Minimum LTD Benefit, will be applied to reduce the amount of the overpayment. We may charge you interest at the legal rate for any overpayment which is not repaid within 30 days after we first mail you notice of the amount of the overpayment.

PENSION CONTRIBUTION BENEFIT

A. Payment Of Pension Contribution Benefit

If you are a participant in your Employer's pension plan on the date you become Disabled, we will pay a monthly Pension Contribution Benefit to your Employer, according to the terms of the Group Policy, while you are receiving LTD Benefits. The Pension Contribution Benefit will be paid to fund your future pension benefits from your Employer's pension plan, as determined by your Employer.

The Pension Contribution Benefit becomes payable on the date LTD Benefits become payable to you.

The amount of the Pension Contribution Benefit is the smallest of:

1. 10% of the first $50,000 of your Predisability Earnings, but not to exceed $5,000;

2. the amount your Employer's pension plan may accept according to the pension plan's definition of compensation for you; and

3. the monthly average amount your Employer contributed to your Employer's pension plan on your behalf during the 12 calendar months preceding the date you became Disabled.

When necessary to comply with the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) or any other federal or state laws, and at the Policyholder’s request, we may terminate or change the amount of the Pension Contribution Benefit. Any change immediately affects all Pension Contribution Benefits payable.

If any portion of the Pension Contribution Benefit is not accepted by the pension plan trust, your Employer will refund to us the amount not accepted.

B. When Pension Contribution Benefits End

Pension Contribution Benefits end automatically on the earliest of:

1. The date LTD Benefits end.

2. The date your Employer's pension plan or the trust is no longer able to accept the Pension Contribution Benefit.
3. The date continued contributions may cause your Employer’s pension plan to be disqualified.
4. The date your employment is terminated by you or your Employer, unless your Employer’s pension plan document allows continued contributions on your behalf after such date.
5. The date you begin employment with another employer or are self employed, or return to work for your Employer.
6. The date you (a) begin withdrawing a monthly benefit or annuity, (b) withdraw contributions and/or interest, or (c) are required to withdraw or take a distribution of contributions and/or interest, from your Employer’s pension plan.

C. Employer Notification
Your Employer will determine and provide us with proof satisfactory to us, which we will rely upon:
1. That your Employer’s pension plan may accept the Pension Contribution Benefit on your behalf.
2. The maximum amount of the Pension Contribution Benefit that your Employer’s pension plan may accept on your behalf according to the pension plan’s definition of compensation for you.
3. Whether any event shown in B. When Pension Contribution Benefits End has occurred.

SURVIVORS BENEFIT
If you die while LTD Benefits are payable, and on the date you die you have been continuously Disabled for at least 180 days, we will pay a Survivors Benefit according to 1 through 4 below.

1. The Survivors Benefit is a lump sum equal to 3 times your LTD Benefit without reduction by Deductible Income.
2. The Survivors Benefit will first be applied to reduce any overpayment of your claim.
3. The Survivors Benefit will be paid at our option to any one or more of the following:
   a. Your surviving Spouse;
   b. Your surviving unmarried children, including adopted children, under age 25;
   c. Your surviving Spouse’s unmarried children, including adopted children, under age 25; or
   d. Any person providing the care and support of any person listed in a., b., or c. above.
4. No Survivors Benefit will be paid if you are not survived by any person listed in a., b., or c. above.

CONVERSION OF INSURANCE
Conversion Of Insurance Benefit
When your insurance ends, you may buy LTD conversion insurance if you meet 1 through 5 below.
1. Your insurance ends for a reason other than:
   a. Termination or amendment of the Group Policy;
   b. Your failure to make a required premium contribution; or
   c. Your retirement.
2. You were continuously insured under your Employer’s long term disability insurance plan for at least one year as of the date your insurance ended.
3. You are not Disabled on the date your insurance ends.
4. You are a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada.
5. You must apply in writing and pay the first premium to us within 31 days after your insurance ends.

The maximum LTD conversion insurance benefit you may select is the smallest of:

1. $4,000 (however, if you provide satisfactory Evidence Of Insurability, this upper limit is $8,000);
2. 60% of your insured Predisability Earnings on the date your insurance ended; and
3. The LTD Benefit payable if you had become Disabled on the day before your insurance ended and you had no Deductible Income.

The maximum LTD conversion insurance benefit is reduced by deductible income. The certificate we will issue to you when your LTD conversion insurance becomes effective will contain other provisions which will also differ from the Group Policy.

**BENEFITS AFTER INSURANCE ENDS OR IS CHANGED**

During each period of continuous Disability, we will pay LTD Benefits according to the terms of the Group Policy in effect on the date you become Disabled. Your right to receive LTD Benefits will not be affected by:

1. Any amendment to the Group Policy that is effective after you become Disabled.
2. Termination of the Group Policy after you become Disabled.

**EFFECT OF NEW DISABILITY**

If a period of Disability is extended by a new cause while LTD Benefits are payable, LTD Benefits will continue while you remain Disabled. However, 1 and 2 apply.

1. LTD Benefits will not continue beyond the end of the original Maximum Benefit Period.
2. The Disabilities Excluded From Coverage and Limitations sections will apply to the new cause of Disability.

**DISABILITIES EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE**

A. War

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by War or any act of War. War means declared or undeclared war, whether civil or international, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature.

B. Intentionally Self-Inflicted Injury

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by an intentionally self-inflicted Injury, while sane or insane.

C. Preexisting Condition

1. Definition
Preexisting Condition means a mental or physical condition for which you have received medical treatment, care or services or have taken prescribed medication at any time during the 90 day period just before your insurance becomes effective.

2. Exclusion

You are not covered for a Disability caused or substantially contributed to by a Preexisting Condition or medical or surgical treatment of a Preexisting Condition unless, on the date you become Disabled, you:

a. Have been continuously insured under the Group Policy for 12 months; and
b. Have been Actively At Work for at least one full day after the end of that 12 months.

D. Violent Or Criminal Conduct

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by your committing or attempting to commit an assault or felony, or actively participating in a violent disorder or riot. Actively participating does not include being at the scene of a violent disorder or riot while performing your official duties.

LIMITATIONS

A. Care Of A Physician

During the Benefit Waiting Period, you must be receiving care by a Physician which is appropriate for the condition or conditions causing the Disability. No LTD Benefits will be paid for any period of Disability when you are not receiving care by a Physician which is appropriate for the condition or conditions causing the Disability. Appropriate care is the treatment a patient would make a reasonable decision to accept after duly considering the opinions of medical professionals. This limitation will not apply after you reach your maximum point of recovery.

B. Rehabilitation Program

No LTD Benefits will be paid for any period of Disability when you are not participating in good faith in a plan, program or course of medical treatment or vocational training or education approved by us unless your Disability prevents you from participating.

C. Foreign Residency

Payment of LTD Benefits is limited to 12 months for each period of continuous Disability while you reside outside of the United States or Canada.

D. Imprisonment

No LTD Benefits will be paid for any period of Disability when you are confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution.

E. Mental Disorder

Payment of LTD Benefits is limited to 24 months during your entire lifetime for a Disability caused or contributed to by a Mental Disorder. However, if you are confined in a Hospital at the end of the Mental Disorder Limitation Period, this limitation will not apply while you are continuously confined.

Mental Disorder means any mental, emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, cognitive, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome, regardless of cause, (including any biological or biochemical disorder or imbalance of the brain) or the presence of physical symptoms. Mental Disorder includes, but is not limited to, bipolar affective disorder, organic brain syndrome, schizophrenia, psychotic illness, manic depressive illness, depression and depressive disorders, or anxiety and anxiety disorders.
Hospital means a legally operated hospital providing full-time medical care and treatment under the direction of a full-time staff of licensed Physicians. Rest homes, nursing homes, convalescent homes, homes for the aged, and facilities primarily affording custodial, educational, or rehabilitative care are not Hospitals.

F. Alcohol Use, Alcoholism Or Drug Use

Payment of LTD Benefits is limited to 24 months during your entire lifetime for a Disability caused or contributed to by your use of alcohol, alcoholism, use of any drug, including hallucinogens, or drug addiction.

G. Rules For Disabilities Subject To Limited Pay Periods

1. If you are Disabled as a result of more than one Physical Disease, Injury or Mental Disorder for which LTD Benefits are payable for a limited period of time, the limitation periods will run concurrently for all limited conditions.

2. If you are Disabled as a result of a Mental Disorder or any Physical Disease or Injury for which LTD Benefits are payable for a limited period of time, and at the same time are Disabled as a result of a Physical Disease, Injury or Pregnancy that is not subject to such limitation, LTD Benefits will be payable first for conditions that are subject to a limitation before LTD Benefits are payable for any condition that is not subject to a limitation.

3. No LTD Benefits will be payable after the ending date of the longest limitation period that applies to your Disability, unless on that date you continue to be Disabled as a result of a Physical Disease, Injury or Pregnancy for which payment of LTD Benefits is not limited.

CLAIMS

A. Notice Of Claim

Written notice of claim must be provided to us within 60 days after the date you claim you became Disabled, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible.

B. Filing A Claim

Claims should be filed on our forms. If we do not provide our forms within 15 days after they are requested, you may submit your claim in a letter to us. The letter should include the date disability began, and the cause and nature of the disability. Subject to the time period for providing notice of claim, such letter will constitute notice and proof of claim.

C. Time Limits On Filing Proof Of Loss

You must give us Proof Of Loss within 90 days after the end of the Benefit Waiting Period. If your claim was closed, you must give us Proof Of Loss within 90 days after the date LTD Benefits ended. If you cannot do so, you must give it to us as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than one year after that 90-day period. If Proof Of Loss is filed outside these time limits, your claim will be denied. These limits will not apply while you lack legal capacity.

D. Proof Of Loss

Proof Of Loss means written proof that you are Disabled and entitled to LTD Benefits. Proof Of Loss must be provided at your expense.

For claims of Disability due to conditions other than Mental Disorders, we may require proof of physical impairment that results from anatomical or physiological abnormalities which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques. Examples of clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques include but are not limited to actual observations upon physical examinations, blood tests, imaging studies (such as x-rays, MRIs and CT scans), electrocardiograms (EKG) and electroencephalograms (EEG).
E. Documentation

Completed claims statements, a signed authorization for us to obtain information, and any other items we may reasonably require in support of a claim must be submitted at your expense. If the required documentation is not provided within 45 days after we mail our request, your claim may be denied.

F. Investigation Of Claim

We may investigate your claim at any time.

At our expense, we may have you examined at reasonable intervals by specialists of our choice. We may deny or suspend LTD Benefits if you fail to attend an examination or cooperate with the examiner.

G. Time Of Payment

We will pay LTD Benefits within 60 days after you satisfy Proof Of Loss.

LTD Benefits will be paid to you at the end of each month you qualify for them. LTD Benefits remaining unpaid at your death will be paid to the person(s) receiving the Survivors Benefit. If no Survivors Benefit is paid, the unpaid LTD Benefits will be paid to your estate.

H. Notice Of Decision On Claim

We will evaluate your claim promptly after you file it. Within 45 days after we receive your claim we will send you: (a) a written decision on your claim; or (b) a notice that we are extending the period to decide your claim for 30 days. Before the end of this extension period we will send you: (a) a written decision on your claim; or (b) a notice that we are extending the period to decide your claim for an additional 30 days. If an extension is due to your failure to provide information necessary to decide the claim, the extended time period for deciding your claim will not begin until you provide the information or otherwise respond.

If we extend the period to decide your claim, we will notify you of the following: (a) the reasons for the extension; (b) when we expect to decide your claim; (c) an explanation of the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based; (d) the unresolved issues preventing a decision; and (e) any additional information we need to resolve those issues.

If we request additional information, you will have 45 days to provide the information. If you do not provide the requested information within 45 days, we may decide your claim based on the information we have received.

If we deny any part of your claim, you will receive a written notice of denial containing:
   a. The reasons for our decision.
   b. Reference to the parts of the Group Policy on which our decision is based.
   c. Reference to any internal rule or guideline relied upon in making our decision.
   d. A description of any additional information needed to support your claim.
   e. Information concerning your right to a review of our decision.
   f. Information concerning your right to bring a civil action for benefits under section 502(a) of ERISA if your claim is denied on review.

I. Review Procedure

If all or part of a claim is denied, you may request a review. You must request a review in writing within 180 days after receiving notice of the denial.

You may send us written comments or other items to support your claim. You may review and receive copies of any non-privileged information that is relevant to your request for review. There
will be no charge for such copies. You may request the names of medical or vocational experts who provided advice to us about your claim.

The person conducting the review will be someone other than the person who denied the claim and will not be subordinate to that person. The person conducting the review will not give deference to the initial denial decision. If the denial was based on a medical judgment, the person conducting the review will consult with a qualified health care professional. This health care professional will be someone other than the person who made the original medical judgment and will not be subordinate to that person. Our review will include any written comments or other items you submit to support your claim.

We will review your claim promptly after we receive your request. Within 45 days after we receive your request for review we will send you: (a) a written decision on review; or (b) a notice that we are extending the review period for 45 days. If the extension is due to your failure to provide information necessary to decide the claim on review, the extended time period for review of your claim will not begin until you provide the information or otherwise respond.

If we extend the review period, we will notify you of the following: (a) the reasons for the extension; (b) when we expect to decide your claim on review; and (c) any additional information we need to decide your claim.

If we request additional information, you will have 45 days to provide the information. If you do not provide the requested information within 45 days, we may conclude our review of your claim based on the information we have received.

If we deny any part of your claim on review, you will receive a written notice of denial containing:

a. The reasons for our decision.

b. Reference to the parts of the Group Policy on which our decision is based.

c. Reference to any internal rule or guideline relied upon in making our decision.

d. Information concerning your right to receive, free of charge, copies of non-privileged documents and records relevant to your claim.

e. Information concerning your right to bring a civil action for benefits under section 502(a) of ERISA.

The Group Policy does not provide voluntary alternative dispute resolution options. However, you may contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency for assistance.

J. Assignment

The rights and benefits under the Group Policy are not assignable.

TIME LIMITS ON LEGAL ACTIONS

No action at law or in equity may be brought until 60 days after you have given us Proof Of Loss. No such action shall be brought after the expiration of three years after the date Proof Of Loss is required to be given.

INCONTESTABILITY PROVISIONS

A. Incontestability Of Insurance

Any statement made to obtain insurance or to increase insurance is a representation and not a warranty.
No misrepresentation will be used to reduce or deny a claim or contest the validity of insurance unless:

1. The insurance would not have been approved if we had known the truth; and
2. We have given you or any other person claiming benefits a copy of the signed written instrument which contains the misrepresentation.

After insurance has been in effect for two years, during the lifetime of the insured, we will not use a misrepresentation by you to reduce or deny your claim, unless it was a fraudulent misrepresentation.

B. Incontestability Of The Group Policy

Any statement made by the Policyholder or Employer to obtain the Group Policy is a representation and not a warranty.

No misrepresentation by the Policyholder or your Employer will be used to deny a claim or to deny the validity of the Group Policy unless:

1. The Group Policy would not have been issued if we had known the truth; and
2. We have given the Policyholder or Employer a copy of a written instrument signed by the Policyholder or Employer which contains the misrepresentation.

The validity of the Group Policy will not be contested after it has been in force for two years, except for fraudulent misrepresentations.

CLERICAL ERROR, AGENCY, AND MISSTATEMENT

A. Clerical Error

Clerical error by the Policyholder, your Employer, or their respective employees or representatives will not:

1. Cause a person to become insured.
2. Invalidate insurance under the Group Policy otherwise validly in force.
3. Continue insurance under the Group Policy otherwise validly terminated.

B. Agency

The Policyholder and your Employer act on their own behalf as your agent, and not as our agent. The Policyholder and your Employer have no authority to alter, expand or extend our liability or to waive, modify or compromise any defense or right we may have under the Group Policy.

C. Misstatement Of Age

If a person’s age has been misstated, we will make an equitable adjustment of premiums, benefits, or both. The adjustment will be based on:

1. The amount of insurance based on the correct age; and
2. The difference between the premiums paid and the premiums which would have been paid if the age had been correctly stated.

TERMINATION OR AMENDMENT OF THE GROUP POLICY

The Group Policy may be terminated by us or the Policyholder according to its terms. It will terminate automatically for nonpayment of premium. The Policyholder may terminate the Group Policy in whole,
and may terminate insurance for any class or group of Members, at any time by giving us written notice.

Benefits under the Group Policy are limited to its terms, including any valid amendment. No change or amendment will be valid unless it is approved in writing by one of our executive officers and given to the Policyholder for attachment to the Group Policy. If the terms of the certificate differ from the Group Policy, the terms stated in the Group Policy will govern. The Policyholder, your Employer, and their respective employees or representatives have no right or authority to change or amend the Group Policy or to waive any of its terms or provisions without our signed written approval.

We may change the Group Policy in whole or in part when any change or clarification in law or governmental regulation affects our obligations under the Group Policy, or with the Policyholder's consent.

Any such change or amendment of the Group Policy may apply to current or future Members or to any separate classes or groups of Members.

**DEFINITIONS**

Benefit Waiting Period means the period you must be continuously Disabled before LTD Benefits become payable. No LTD Benefits are payable for the Benefit Waiting Period. See **Coverage Features**.

Contributory means insurance is elective and Members pay all or part of the premium for insurance.

CPI-W means the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the United States Department of Labor. If the CPI-W is discontinued or changed, we may use a comparable index. Where required, we will obtain prior state approval of the new index.

Eligibility Waiting Period means the period you must be a Member before you become eligible for insurance. Your Eligibility Waiting Period is shown in the **Coverage Features**.

Employer means an employer (including approved affiliates and subsidiaries) for which coverage under the Group Policy is approved in writing by us.

Group Policy means the group LTD insurance policy issued by us to the Policyholder and identified by the Group Policy Number.

Indexed Predisability Earnings means your Predisability Earnings adjusted by the rate of increase in the CPI-W. During your first year of Disability, your Indexed Predisability Earnings are the same as your Predisability Earnings. Thereafter, your Indexed Predisability Earnings are determined on each anniversary of your Disability by increasing the previous year’s Indexed Predisability Earnings by the rate of increase in the CPI-W for the prior calendar year. The maximum adjustment in any year is 10%. Your Indexed Predisability Earnings will not decrease, even if the CPI-W decreases.

Injury means an injury to the body.

L.L.C. Owner-Employee means an individual who owns an equity interest in an Employer and is actively employed in the conduct of the Employer’s business.

LTD Benefit means the monthly benefit payable to you under the terms of the Group Policy.

Maximum Benefit Period means the longest period for which LTD Benefits are payable for any one period of continuous Disability, whether from one or more causes. It begins at the end of the Benefit Waiting Period. No LTD Benefits are payable after the end of the Maximum Benefit Period, even if you are still Disabled. See **Coverage Features**.

Noncontributory means (a) insurance is nonelective and the Policyholder or Employer pay the entire premium for insurance; or (b) the Policyholder or Employer require all eligible Members to have insurance and to pay all or part of the premium for insurance.
P.C. Partner means the sole active employee and majority shareholder of a professional corporation in partnership with the Policyholder.

Physical Disease means a physical disease entity or process that produces structural or functional changes in the body as diagnosed by a Physician.

Physician means a licensed medical professional, diagnosing and treating individuals within the scope of the license. The term includes a legally licensed physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, psychologist or chiropractor. Physician does not include you or your Spouse, or the brother, sister, parent or child of either you or your Spouse.

Pregnancy means your pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, including complications of pregnancy.

Prior Plan means your Employer’s group long term disability insurance plan in effect on the day before the effective date of your Employer’s participation under the Group Policy and which is replaced by coverage under the Group Policy.

Spouse means:

1. A person to whom you are legally married; or
2. Your Domestic Partner. Your Domestic Partner means an individual recognized as such under California state law.

**ERISA INFORMATION AND NOTICE OF RIGHTS**

The following information and notice of rights and protections is furnished by the Plan Administrator as required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA)

A. General Plan Information

The General Plan Information required by ERISA is shown in the Coverage Features.

B. Statement Of Your Rights Under ERISA

1. Right To Examine Plan Documents

   You have the right to examine all Plan documents, including any insurance contracts or collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration. These documents may be examined free of charge at the Plan Administrator’s office.

2. Right To Obtain Copies Of Plan Documents

   You have the right to obtain copies of all Plan documents, including any insurance contracts or collective bargaining agreements, a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series), and updated summary plan description upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for these copies.

3. Right To Receive A Copy Of Annual Report

   The Plan Administrator must give you a copy of the Plan’s summary annual financial report, if the Plan was required to file an annual report. There will be no charge for the report.

4. Right To Review Of Denied Claims

   If your claim for a Plan benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have the right: a) to know why this was done; b) to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision, without charge; and c) to have your claim reviewed and reconsidered, all within certain time schedules.
C. Obligations Of Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of all Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a Plan benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

D. Enforcing ERISA Rights

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to $110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

E. Plan And ERISA Questions

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

(NON-DENT WITHOUT T/A REF) ERISA.3

CA/LTDC2000(CA09)